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The Graham Guardian

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR | SAFFORD, GRAHAM COUNTY, ARIZONA, NOVEMBER 3, 1916 | NUMBER 38

LAST WORD FOR PRESIDENT WILSON

Charged with Every Conceivable Thing, Awaits Verdict of Jury

PATIENCE AND FORBEARANCE

Has Won For President Wilson An Exalted Place In History

The case has gone to the jury and their verdict will be rendered next Tuesday. President Wilson has been on trial. He has been charged with being weak and vacillating and with being stubborn and headstrong, with being dilatory and using words without deeds, and with rushing the Eight-hour Law through Congress without stopping for debate or investigation—deed without words, with having kept us out of war at the expense of our national honor, and with having not kept us at peace, but getting us into three wars, one with San Domingo and two with Mexico; with having tamely submitted to German aggressions, and submissively acquiesced in English interference with our mails and commerce, and with having denied Germany her rights and having failed to enforce the rights of the Allies and neutrals; with having ignobly refused to declare war against Germany and with having been equally ignoble in declining to declare war on England; with having brought the country to the verge of ruin with a ficticious, temporary prosperity, raising the wages of the workingman and shortening his hours, and increasing the price of agricultural products, thus increasing the cost of living.

With all humanity bewailing the effectiveness of European diplomacy which failed to avert war, Wilson's diplomacy has put a stop to Germany's illegal use of the submarine, and laid the foundation for a recovery in full of all injury done American property rights by England or her allies. Words without deeds—certainly when words are diplomacy and deeds are war, and diplomacy gains our point. Patient negotiation is not weakness or vacillation, firm insistence is not stubbornness. Immediate action to avert a nationally disastrous strike is not a surrender to force or headlong action without thought.

Police work in San Domingo and Mexico is not war. Patience with poor, distracted, struggling Mexico, patience with Germany, with the Allies, all of whom are engaged in a bitter war which each believes to involve its very existence, is not weakness. It is the strength, the forbearing strength of a great, a powerful, a noble nation.

Prosperity which is all pervading, which brings up the price of labor and the products of labor and the products of labor manufactured or grown from the soil, which gives work to all, which swells bank accounts, particularly small savings banks, which puts all mills, mines and factories at work—such prosperity is not fictitious nor is it merely temporary.

Whatever the verdict of the people next Tuesday may be, the present President of the United States is sure of an exalted place in history. His task has been as hard as Lincoln's was, and he has performed it as Lincoln would have done. This and succeeding generations of Americans have cause to rejoice at the course President Wilson has pursued and the things he has accomplished, and the fearful things he has prevented.

He has nothing to fear from a just people.

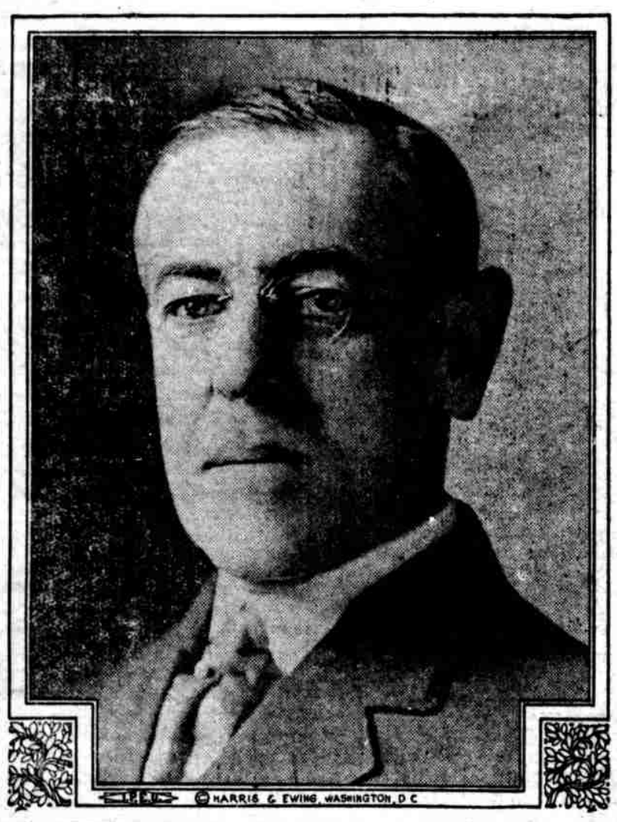
NEW PASTOR APPOINTED

This is to inform the public that Rev. W. B. Anderson has been appointed to serve the Methodist Church in Safford for the current conference year. He will arrive Saturday, November 11th, and preach the next day, at 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Everybody is cordially invited to hear him.

D. SCARBOROUGH,
Presiding Elder of the Arizona District.

Good Roads for Graham County

PRESIDENT WILSON
(LATEST PHOTOGRAPH)



DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT

R. F. McBride for Sheriff

1st—Because he is one of our boys, having spent thirty-seven of the forty-one years of his life in this county.

2—Because he has had sufficient experience as an officer to qualify him for the place.

3—Because he has a desire to see the laws of the country upheld and executed and has the courage to do his duty.

R. F. McBRIDE

4—Because he is a man of good character and clean habits, and we believe that we should have such men in our public offices.

5—Because he has always stood for a fair deal, and we believe he will continue to do so in the matter of enforcing the law.

6—Because the lawless element is opposing his election, which of itself, should be sufficient reason why he should be elected.

Last, but not least, because he is a loyal and uncomprising democrat, and at the recent primary was made the choice of his party as its nominee.

Jos. H. Lines for Representative

The splendid record of Joseph H. Lines, as State representative of Graham county, during the last legislature, brings him prominently to the front as a faithful public servant and one who looks after the best interests of the people.

Mr. Lines' democracy is of the kind that helps materially in framing just laws and carrying out betterments for every portion of the State.

His reelection will mean that a faithful and honest official will be on duty again.

NEW ABSTRACT COMPANY

W. V. Thorpe, our genial insurance and real estate dealer, has gone into the abstract business, at the present time employing five stenographers to carry on the new work. Mr. Thorpe expects to be able to turn out abstracts with a very short time.

William Hoopes, a former resident of Safford, arrived here Monday from San Diego, Cal., to visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hoopes, at their home in Thatcher.

C. T. Reynolds for County Treasurer

Charles T. Reynolds, the democratic candidate for county treasurer, is a pioneer resident of this county.

Mr. Reynolds was engaged in the cattle and mercantile business for many years. He had a good business training and is fully qualified for the position of county treasurer.

Mr. Reynolds has always been a faithful democrat and a believer in democratic principles. He appeals to the democracy of Graham county in his candidacy for the office of county treasurer, with his full knowledge of his ability to conduct the affairs of that office on economical and business lines,

The democrats of Graham county should rally to his support and give him a rousing big majority.

C. O. Larson for Recorder

C. O. Larson is the democratic candidate for reelection to the office of County Recorder, and, although he has no opponent, which he appreciates very much, it is no more than right and proper that a few words be said of the excellent record he has made during his two years' term of office.

Mr. Larson has attended strictly to the business of his office and has done so in a neat, clean and accurate manner, and has been all that could be expected of a public officer, being at all times on the job, ready and willing to help anyone that desires it.

It has been said that the best way to judge a person is by his record. Mr. Larson is more than willing to be judged by this standard, and, if reelected, and from all indications he will be, he fully expects to be of better service to the public than he has been during his present term of office.

LOST—Insurance policy, deed and other papers, contained in an envelope of W. E. Platt Insurance Agency, on the day of the fire, Tuesday, October 24th. Finder please return to OTTO LESTER and receive reward.

W. A. Lines for Supervisor

W. A. Lines, one of the most popular democrats in Graham county, is the candidate for the office of supervisor, Dist. No. 2.

Mr. Lines has been a successful business man and is just the kind of man needed—one who will conduct the affairs of the county on strictly business lines.

The election of Mr. Lines insures the people an administration of economy and good judgment in the interest of all the people.

Mr. Lines has always been a consistent and hardworking democrat, and being fully qualified for the office of supervisor, will undoubtedly be elected by a good majority.

HUNT'S MAJORITY WILL BE 8,000

According to Reports Received from Leaders in Each County

WILSON'S MAJORITY, 15,000

Is the Prediction of George J. Stoneman, Chairman, State Democratic Committee

PHOENIX, Nov. 3—That Governor Hunt will defeat Tom Campbell by a majority of close to 8,000 votes—7,950—to be exact, was the prediction made here today by George J. Stoneman, chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee.

Reports have been received from party leaders in every part of each county in the State and it was from a careful study of these reports that Chairman Stoneman prepared his estimate. The prediction, by counties, is as follows:

County	Hunt's Majority over Campbell
Apache	150
Cochise	1,800
Coconino	200
Gila	1,500
Graham	600
Greenlee	200
Maricopa	600
Mohave	1,000
Navajo	300
Pima	200
Pinal	300
Santa Cruz	100
Yavapai	200
Yuma	800
Total	7,950

Based on proportionate population, it will be seen from the above that Mohave is conceded to be the banner democratic county of the State. From the reports received, Chairman Stoneman believes his estimate for that county is conservative.

Although giving no detailed figures, Chairman Stoneman claimed the election of the entire democratic ticket, State and national. President Wilson's majority in Arizona he places at 15,000. No democrat's majority will be less than 4,000, according to Stoneman.

Fully Qualified for the Office

In seeking the support of the people for the office of county school superintendent, D. Dudley Jones, the democratic candidate does so with the full knowledge that he is qualified to fill the office, and if elected, he will be on the job all the time.

Mr. Jones is a graduate of the Tempe Normal School, and has taught six years in the public schools of Arizona; five years of which he was principal of two very important schools.

A. H. Fulton, the county superintendent of school of Maricopa county for sixteen years, gives the following recommendation to Mr. Jones:

PHOENIX, ARIZONA,
Sept. 27, 1908.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that I have known Mr. D. Dudley Jones during his teaching and business career in this county. During this time he has been principal of two of the most important schools in Maricopa county, and I consider the work that he has done as a teacher is equal to that of any other teacher under my supervision. I can, therefore, recommend him without reservation to any institution of learning as a student and a teacher.

A. H. FULTON,
County School Supt.

During the past seven years, Mr. Jones has been teaching in the Gila Academy, and his training and experience in that institution will help him materially in the work of supervising the schools of this county.

Mr. Jones has had three years' experience in buying for a general mercantile store, an experience that will help materially in the buying of school supplies.

Mr. Jones is a life-long democrat and believes in the principles of his party. His election as county school superintendent insures an economical and business administration of the office.

VICE PRESIDENT MARSHALL
(LATEST PHOTOGRAPH)

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR VICE-PRESIDENT

James T. Owens for Supervisor

The election of J. T. Owens, as supervisor of the first district, means the selection by the people of a man who has shown by his successful business career the ability needed for conducting the administration of the county's affairs on economical and business lines.

Mr. Owens is a progressive and believes in good roads, bridges and other improvements needed by the people.

He believes that every man that is employed for any county work, should give his best efforts for the money paid him.

Mr. Owens has lived in this county for many years and his business career is known to everybody. He has been successful enough to assure the people that he will make a good supervisor and is deserving of the office.

E. L. Spriggs for County Attorney

Everett L. Spriggs, the democratic candidate for county attorney, appointed by the board of supervisors to fill the unexpired term of John McGowan, is demonstrating very satisfactorily to the people of Graham county that he has all the qualifications needed to make a successful administration of the affairs of that office.

Mr. Spriggs took up the work of that office at a time when its affairs were in a perfect chaos. He has brought order out of disorder and is making the office of county attorney what it should be—the prosecutor of criminals and the enforcer of the laws.

The office of county attorney is an important one. A full knowledge of the law is one of the requisites required for administering its affairs successfully in the interest of the people, and the democratic party made no mistake when it selected Mr. Spriggs as its candidate for this office. He has already given proof of his ability to attend to every detail of the office.

Mr. Spriggs is a life-long democrat and a hard worker for his party's success. The democracy of Graham county should support him unanimously next Tuesday.

D. H. Claridge for Senator

The popularity of Senator David H. Claridge was fully recognized by the people when he was given the unanimous nomination in the democratic primary for reelection as State senator, and he enjoys the proud distinction of having no opponent for the position.

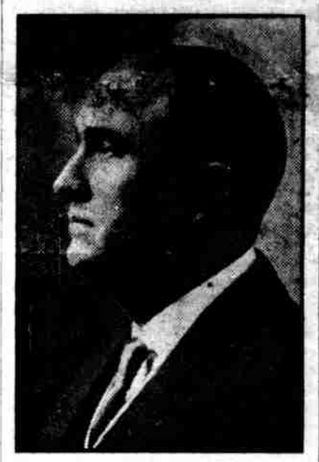
Senator Claridge will be returned to the legislature by a big majority and he will continue his good work by being on the job all the time.

Mrs. L. J. Broshears returned the first of the week from Los Angeles, Cal., where she had been for several weeks for the benefit of her health.

Carl Hayden for Congress

Undoubtedly the most popular candidate for congress that Arizona has ever had, is our own Carl Hayden, the unanimous choice of democracy for reelection as representative to congress.

Mr. Hayden's record in congress has drawn to him the support of the people who believe in rewarding a faithful servant for his good work, and he will be re-



HON. CARL HAYDEN

turned to congress this time by the largest majority ever given for a candidate of that office by the people of Arizona.

Mr. Hayden is very popular in Graham county, and his majority here will be the biggest he has ever received.

We don't forget our friends in congress, and the people of Graham county can always look upon Carl Hayden as their friend, faithful in his duty as the representative of all the people of Arizona.

A. C. Peterson for Representative

The fact that A. C. Peterson was nominated by the democrats of Graham county for State representative, is full assurance that a man was chosen who could be depended upon to take care of the interests of the people.

Mr. Peterson has been very successful as an educator. As supervisor he made a splendid record. As State representative, he will prove his ability to do his duty fully and well for all the people.

M'ALISTER GOES TO GLOBE

Judge A. G. McAlister spent most of last week in Greenlee county holding court for Judge Laine. He goes up to Globe this afternoon to try some bootlegging cases, in which Judge Shute has been disqualified, and will return Tuesday morning.

FOR SALE—Saddle, in good shape. DUBOIS & BURTON, Photo Studio, Safford. adv-38-2t

Miss Leora Westerman arrived here Monday from Brockport, N. Y., and is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. O'Bryan.

TOM CAMPBELL A FOUR FLUSHER

His Talk of Economy Is Pure Bunk and His Record Proves It

REDUCES HIS MINE TAXES

On His Own Mine, but Favors High Rate on Non-Producing Mines

Tom Campbell states that if he is elected governor, he will consolidate the offices of game warden, sealer of weights and measures, horticultural commission and the live stock sanitary board, because one man can attend to all the offices.

This is all pure bunk. The legislature will handle these departments. If not needed, abolish them; if needed, have them administered properly. Why does he not say that he will abolish the tax commission or load the work of other departments on it.

Campbell stated in a recent speech in Phoenix, that the only vacation he has had in eighteen years, has been his two years on the tax commission. If the work of this commission is a vacation, let him say he would load the commission with more work. He don't do it, because he expects to continue on that commission after January 1st. If he does not expect to sit on that commission, why does he not resign?

His talk on abolishing offices is in line with other bunk he gave the public last year, when he announced in all the papers of the State, that if the courts by August 1st did not decide the veto of the appropriation bill, so that the tax commission would have money to carry on its work, he would resign, because he would not be found drawing his salary without earning it. Yet that case was not decided until the last of December and he did not resign.

He says there are too many clerks in the capital building, yet the minutes of the tax commission show that he favored more permanent help for that commission. See page 181, Book 2. Probably this extra help accounts for his own vacation while on that commission.

His present talk about economy is further denied by his record, found at page 255, Proceedings of the State Tax Commission, for the year 1913. At this time he took the commission to task for being niggardly about the expenditure of a few hundred dollars for this or that, saying he believed the commission had unlimited funds and why not use them.

A further evidence that his economy talk is all bunk is shown by his record as county assessor of Yavapai county. Page 13, of the 1913 report of the clerk of the board of supervisors of that county, shows that the cost of the assessor's office was $6,215.25. Page 17, of the clerk's report for 1915, the odd year for Mr. Campbell's successor, shows the cost of office to be $5,281.41, or $1,000.00 less. For 1914, page 19, with Mr. Campbell as assessor, it cost the county $5,690.15. For this year Mr. Campbell's successor does the work for $5,200.00, about $500.00 less, with larger valuation, more properties and more people to assess. Now the facts are that while Mr. Campbell was supposed to be working on the job as assessor, he was superintendent of a mine at Jerome, where he spent most of his time.

As tax commissioner, he refused to raise the assessment on his own mine, the Jerome Verde, adjacent to the United Verde, while he favored the assessment of the World's Fair Mine at $700.00 per acre, page 444, Book 2, Minutes of the Tax Commission. This mine is in Santa Cruz county, is not patened and is not producing. His mine is selling stock on the open market at about $5,000,000 and is assessed at $36.30 per acre.

The foregoing is a sample of the Campbell species of economy. His uncontrolable ambition for political honors has blinded him to his sense of duty. A good tax commissioner has been spoiled to make a poor political opportunist seeking office for the sake of the office.

Good Roads for Graham County

"COMPLETE ACCORD WITH ROOSEVELT!"

Hughes's Foreign Policy, Dictated by the Jingo Who, Had He Been In the White House, Says Ex-President Taft, "Would Have Plunged Us Into War."

FACT 1—Roosevelt said: "We shirked our duty by failing to take any action; by announcing that we would be neutral."

FACT 2—Roosevelt said: "It is a wicked thing to be neutral between right and wrong, i. e., between Belgium and Germany."

FACT 3—Root denounced the President for "pusillanimous conduct" in his negotiations with Germany, and repeated all of Roosevelt's arguments.

FACT 4—Lodge gave utterance to the same doctrine.

FACT 5—Roosevelt declared he would not accept a nomination at the hands of the Progressive Party if the Republican Party would nominate a man whose foreign policies were in accordance with his own!

FACT 6—On June 10, the Republican National Convention nominated Justice Charles Hughes.

FACT 7—On June 22, Roosevelt said: "They (Mr. Wilson and his party) have taught us that peace, the peace of cowardice and dishonor and indifference to the welfare of others, is to be put above righteousness, above the stern, unflinching performance of duty."

FACT 8—On June 27, Roosevelt said: "In my judgment the nomination of Mr. Hughes meets the (my) condition. No good American can have and feeling except scorn and detestation for **those professional German-Americans who seek to make the American President in effect a viceroy of the German Emperor.** They represent that adherence to the politico-racial hyphen which is the badge and sign of moral treason to the Republic. I am certain that candidate (Hughes) is incapable of being influenced by the evil intrigues of these hyphenated Americans."

FACT 9—On June 29, Roosevelt and Hughes were at dinner together for two and a half hours.

FACT 10—After that dinner Hughes said: **"We talked very fully over all matters AND WERE IN COMPLETE ACCORD."**

FACT 10—Three days after that dinner Roosevelt said of Hughes: **"His high qualities must recommend him to the esteem of the whole world, particularly to the sympathy of the allies.** He certainly would never have suffered the Government of the United States, as one of the signatories to the Hague Treaty, to pass over without protest the violation of Belgium's neutrality by Germany. He would never write two notes on the same offense. He would perhaps issue a warning, but afterwards he would act according to his conscience and for the honor of civilization. This is what he certainly will do, if he becomes the President of the United States."

FACT 12—On August 31, Roosevelt denounced German citizens for "acting as servants and allies of Germany." He condemned the Administration for failing to live up to its **duty to resist the invasion of Belgium.** He added: "We can put in power an administration which will live up to our national obligations. As between Mr. Hughes and Mr. Wilson, who can doubt which is the man who will with austere courage stand for the national duty?"

FACT 13—On September 1, Hughes wired Roosevelt: "I heartily congratulate you on the speech at Lewiston and warmly appreciate your effective support;" spoke of Roosevelt as "That stalwart American who woke the country;" and aped Roosevelt by saying: "We want deeds to match words. I am not one of the kind that is too proud to fight." On the following day, he stated that he knew what was in Roosevelt's Maine speech, and endorsed every word of it!

FACT 14—Candidate Hughes springs from the most loyal of British stock, the Welsh. His father emigrated from Wales in 1855, barely seven years before Charles was born.

FACT 15—Mr. Hughes naturally sympathizes with England, as does a son of a German immigrant with that country which he lovingly refers to as "Fatherland." It is only natural that Mr. Hughes should stamp his approval upon all that Roosevelt—hater and traducer of German-American citizens—utters.

FACT 16—If Roosevelt's policy which Mr. Hughes has accepted without modification had for the past 24 months been the policy of this Government, war with Germany would have been inevitable.

FACT 17—And if we had conquered, we could have obtained nothing more than an apology for wrongs committed, a promise to respect our rights in the future, and a monetary indemnity!

FACT 18—If Mr. Hughes is elected President on this issue, it is notice to all the world that America repudiates her policy of peace for the Roosevelt-Hughes policy of war. Let the issue be not misunderstood. We know, the world knows, that Woodrow Wilson will maintain the peace unless the Nation's honor is assailed. He is no more afraid to fight than a real God-fearing, brave, upright man should be.

Thoughtful men know that a President advised by Roosevelt, in accord and agreement with Roosevelt, would as soon fight as be right. A vote for Hughes is a potential vote for war.

Now Let Us Add It All Up, first noting carefully that "We talked very fully over all matters and WERE IN COMPLETE ACCORD!"

WITH WHOM?

In complete accord with Roosevelt!

In complete accord with the man who brazenly flaunts his loathing hatred of Germany and his animosity toward German-Americans; openly praises the allies "who are dedicated to the cause and are fighting for the principle;" publicly proclaims Hughes's "qualities which must recommend him to the sympathies of the allies;" treacherously calls the President of his country a "mollycoddle," and a "man of weasel words," and falsely asserts that we were BOUND by treaty obligation to go to war with Germany over Belgium!

Hughes talks of national honor!

When he doffed the ermine robe of the Supreme Court of the United States and forsook the society of its Justices and turned his back to the precepts of Blackstone, Coke, and Mars' all, he seems to have donned the crazyquilt of an exigency candidate to become the counsel of Flinn, Hitchcock, Wilcox, Perkins, Schwab, Gary, Guggenheim, Du Pont, Penrose, Barnes, Crane, Smoot, Lodge, Root, Morgan, et al.—and the political understudy of the man with whom he is in complete accord—the man who says we ought to be at war with Germany and with Mexico—ROOSEVELT!

The Man Who Has Made Good

The Man who has made good
Is good enough for us
And good to serve four more!

Here's three cheers
For the past four years—
Woodrow Wilson!
Here's three cheers
For the coming four years—
Woodrow Wilson!

The Man who has made good
In all that's gone before
Is surely good enough for us
To serve another four!

LABOR TIDE FLOWING STEADILY TO WILSON

Organized Workers of Michigan and Illinois Indorse Democratic Candidate.

New York.—Enthusiastic offers of support continue to pour into Democratic headquarters from workingmen and union leaders from every section of the United States and from every trade and industry. Not only will President Wilson get hundreds of thousands of votes from workingmen hitherto members of the Republican party, but thousands of wage earners who have voted the Socialist ticket will this time mark their ballots for him.

The latest indorsement of President Wilson by a labor leader comes from John H. Walker, president of the Illinois State Federation of Labor.

"A working man who would vote for Hughes, in the face of his acts and declarations against labor, and in the face of the great accomplishments of Mr. Wilson for labor," said Mr. Walker, "must be uninformed, misinformed, blinded by prejudice or carried away by party sentiment."

No word said for President Wilson will have greater effect than a statement by Andrew Furuseth, president of the Seamen's Union, declaring:

"I am for the election of Woodrow Wilson and a Democratic Congress because of the enactment of the Seamen's law and of the Clayton act, recognizing and enforcing the equality before the law of workingmen with other citizens."

Asking, "Are Ye For God or Mammon?" President A. B. Garretson of the Order of Railway Conductors urges President Wilson's re-election, in the October number of "The Railway Conductor." Mr. Garretson is a life-long Republican.

Unanimous indorsement of the Wilson administration by the organized workers of Michigan, until this year a rock-ribbed Republican state, is given in resolutions adopted at Saginaw by the State Federation of Labor. Delegates who were Republicans born and bred disregarded partisan considerations when it came to supporting the man, who, more than any other President since Lincoln, has stood consistently and always for the rights of the many as against the privileges of the few.

WHAT MR. TAFT THINKS OF PRESIDENT WILSON.

This is no time to point out mistakes of the past. This is no time, by attacks upon the general in command, to give the idea that our commander has not a united people behind him.

* * *

We are fortunate in having kept out of the present European war, and we ought to support the administration in keeping us out. If we had a jingo in the White House this country would now be at war with Germany.

* * *

He (Wilson) is not a Democratic President. He is our President. He is first an American, the same as we are. We must all be Americans first.

—Ex-President Taft.

PROSPERITY NOT DUE TO DEMANDS OF WAR

Bulk Is Ordinary Business, Declares Charles M. Schwab.

$2,500,000,000 TRADE BALANCE

Department of Commerce Figures Show Vast Gains In Wealth—Under Wilson United States Is a Creditor Nation For First Time—Munitions Business Only 1 Per Cent of Total.

In answer to the cry of Republican politicians that the unprecedented prosperity that has come to America under the administration of President Wilson is due to European war orders comes a statement from Charles M. Schwab, head of the Bethlehem Steel Company, himself a Republican, that refutes the charge.

"It is a mistake to imagine that the major portion of our business is war order business," says Mr. Schwab in a signed article in the October number of System. "Even a casual inspection of the great volume of exports will demonstrate that the bulk is drawn from the ordinary course of business. It is also found that at present prices domestic business is as profitable as foreign munition business."

No one can doubt the capability of Mr. Schwab to judge the business situation, nor can one gainsay the recent figures issued by the Department of Commerce. In this report it is stated that during the first eight months of the present fiscal year the exports of the United States showed a trade balance in favor of this country of $1,730,000,000.

Trade Balance $2,500,000,000.

Predictions are made that the trade balance for the entire year will exceed the unprecedented figure of $2,500,000,000. The value of the exports for the eight months was $3,435,969,212, an increase of $1,205,882,100 over the same period last year.

Another financial authority, too, has spoken—Charles Hayden, of Boston. He estimates that American securities held abroad have been reduced from $6,000,000,000, before the war, to $1,000,000,000 at the present time. Coincidentally, the United States has become a creditor of foreign nations, for the first time in history, to the extent of $1,500,000,000. Under Wilson, therefore, we have wiped out $6,000,000,000 of foreign indebtedness, and are a creditor to the amount of $500,000,000.

Mr. Hayden calls attention to the fact that this always was a debtor nation under Republican rule.

All Classes Prosperous.

And so, from all sections of the country, from all kinds and classes of business, from the merchant, the manufacturer, the farmer, the workingman, come reports of unparalleled prosperity. The Chamber of Commerce of the United States, in an official report, declares that basic stocks are rising, that railroad earnings are abnormally high (indicating the great movement of commodities), and that the national prosperity will continue.

Not temporary prosperity, due to the war, is this that is filling the coffers of the nation. It has a sound basis for permanency, made certain by the laws enacted under the Wilson administration. The President himself, in his recent speech at Baltimore, emphasized the value to the country of the Tariff Commission, the Trade Commission, the Federal Reserve Board and the shipping bill. These enactments not only will stimulate the productiveness of the country, but will safeguard its output and provide a means of conveying it to all the ports of the world.

How Business Has Gained.

Here is just a glimpse at percentages, prepared by expert statisticians, that prove what the Wilson administration has done for the people:

Increase in bank deposits, 68 per cent.; money in circulation, 22 per cent.; stock of gold in United States, 34.1 per cent.; foreign commerce, 52.7 per cent.; balance of trade in favor of United States, 287.6 per cent.; agricultural exports, 44.1 per cent.; manufactured exports, 155 per cent.; railway revenues, 47.6 per cent.; value of general crops and live stock, 12.4 per cent.; value of wheat crop, 67.5 per cent.; output of pig iron, 35 per cent.; production of steel, 35.5 per cent.; farm lands, 12.7 per cent.; men employed in manufacturing, 23.2 per cent.; wages paid in manufacturing, 41.5 per cent.; capital employed in manufacturing, 30.9 per cent.; value of manufactured products, 41.2 per cent.

So, it may be seen that all lines of industry have profited under the great wave of prosperity that the Democratic administration has wrought.

AND THE MUNITIONS BUSINESS COMPRISES ONLY ONE PER CENT OF THE TOTAL OF MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS.

Is it the part of wisdom, therefore, to gamble with prosperity such as this?

Will the American voter dare to throw away a sure thing?

TOO MUCH PROSPERITY FOR FOREIGN WANT ADS.

Indicating the prosperity that exists in Jamestown, N. Y., the Journal of that place wrote recently to a Buffalo advertiser as follows:

"We ask that you kindly do not insist upon our publication of your advertisement for help wanted. There is a great scarcity of labor in our local market, and, out of deference to the interests of Jamestown manufacturers, we prefer not to publish such ads, that may further complicate the local labor situation."

WILSON THE ABLE GUIDE.

Shortsighted Not to Re-elect Him, Says Mrs. Joseph. Fels.

"I have a deep conviction that the hope of democracy lies with Woodrow Wilson. If we fail to re-elect him we have much to fear."

Thus speaks Mrs. Mary Fels of Philadelphia, an independent in politics and one of the two American delegates to the Stockholm Peace Conference

MRS. MARY FELS.

held in January, 1916. Since the death of her husband, Joseph Fels, she has continued his work in the Fels Commission, founded by him to promote the Single Tax movement.

"I see no use," she says, "in picking out specific measures, either things done or things left undone. I see them all as a part of a great man striving in a situation incomparably difficult to do what is best for the country that he is trying to save. In this situation and through this endeavor he is becoming more and more the people's friend and the man who can most ably guide the destinies of the country in the difficult days that lie ahead.

"To me it is so clear that I cannot understand how people may venture to vote for any one except Mr. Wilson. Mr. Wilson is the man who will inevitably serve the interests of all except those who are moving heaven and earth to serve their own selfish ends. It is not only Mr. Wilson, it is the people of the United States, that I am thinking of."

Was there ever a worse-bungled campaign than Mr. Hughes's to date? The New York Evening Post asked that question in an editorial (Sept. 8) on Hughes and Roosevelt, and frankly answered its own question. "We can not readily recall one."

Barnes' Circus, November 8th

Many substantial claims can be made about the originality and genuine merit of the Al G. Barnes Big Four-Ring Wild Animal Circus. While almost the entire performance is given by trained wild and domestic animals, the show has retained all the pomp and splendor of circusdom.

There's the grand cavalcade entry of beautiful horses and the hundreds of other animals and trainers; all the glittering tinsel, sawdust rings, comical clowns and inspiring music. Pink lemonade venders cry their wares, but when the real performance—the big show starts, one instantly recognizes its wide departure from the old routine of circus entertainment.

Instead of the usual, the very unusual prevails. Big, startling, thrilling acts done by ferocious wild animals, are shown in the big steel barred arena in the center of the tent. On either side of the arena are sawdust rings in which every kind of domestic animal is presented as an actor.

There are over 1,000 of these animal actors with the Barnes show, and among them are jugglers, aerial performers, acrobats, bareback riders, high divers, dancers and musicians. Lions, bears, leopards, monkeys, goats, dogs and sea-lions ride galloping horses and ponies, seals play musical instruments and juggle different articles with their noses, dogs and monkeys dive from the top of the big tent, elephants stand on their heads, high school horses and ponies do dances and brilliant military drills. Sixty-five different groups and ensembles of the animal are presented during the show's program.

A glittering, six-band, mile-long parade is presented to the public at 10:30 a. m. Performance is given at 2:00 p. m. Doors are opened at 1:00 p. m., permitting patrons to inspect the 100-cage menagerie.

Took the Hurt Out of Her Back

Physicians report more cases of kidney trouble among women than men. Mrs. Anna Byrd, Tuscumbia, Ala., writes: "I was down with my back so I could not stand up more than hal fof the time. Foley Kidney Pills took all the hurt out. They are the best kidney pills I ever took." Rheumatic pains, swollen ankles, backache, stiff joints, sore muscles, and sleep disturbing bladder ailments indicate disordered kidneys. Foley Kidney Pills act promptly. Safford Drug Co. adv-38-4t

WOULD BE BAD LAW

Workman's Compensation Law, Nos. 110 and 111, Should Be Defeated

L. Kearney, of Clifton, sends in a timely communication on the Workman's Compensation Law. It is given herewith, as follows:

"The proposed amendment to the Constitution of Arizona, known as Workman's Compensation Law, Nos. 110 and 111, which is said to be a slight modification of the Montana law, and which is a new creature in that state and its trial there is of very short duration, and until this law, Montana had no workman's compensation law, and any movement in that direction was an improvement upon their former condition, but that is not saying much for this proposed law for Arizona, which already has the best labor laws of any state in the union.

"This proposed law, if passed, will wipe out all existing laws on the subject and will give the injured employee but a small weekly pittance, not enough to live upon. The proposed law is not nearly so favorable to the injured employee as either of the labor laws of Arizona.

"The proposed law is a medley of horrors, gotten up in the interest of the big corporations for the purpose of wiping out better laws and to relieve the big companies of practically all liability.

"It is claimed that it will eliminate attorney's fees, which is not correct, and the worst feature is that it eliminates nearly all benefits to the injured employee, except from $3.00 to $12.00 a week to live upon, running through a series of weeks not to exceed 400, when the pay must stop, and in no instance can an injured employee receive over $4,000.00 and in most instances in a sum not half so much, and during the weekly pittance he must take chances on the company going broke, or transferring its property, or being harassed out of his small pittance.

"If an employee losses both legs he will draw a weekly pension for so many weeks, when his pay stops, and he cannot receive any compensation for his injuries. And again under this law, the employee will be assessed monthly $2.00 to keep up the out-goes of the company, and the State will be heavily taxed to keep up State board and numerous officers created by this proposed law. The injured employee must always be ready for examination by a company doctor; he must make many reports and have many examinations, and will, of course, need lawyer's assistance.

"When the big corporations all over the State are working for the passage of this law, it is information enough to the common people that it is not for their benefit. Every voter should read the proposed law and ascertain for himself as to whom will be benefitted by its passage, and vote accordingly."

Baby Had Whooping Cough

Mothers who have used Foley's Honey and Tar would not be without it. Mrs. Sam C. Small, Clayton, N. M., writes: "My grandson had whooping cough when he was three months old. We used Foley's Honey and Tar and I believe it saved his life. He is now big and fat." It is a fine thing to have in the house in case of whooping cough, croup, coughs, colds. The first doses help, loosen phlegm, heal inflammation, clear air passages, stop racking coughs. Safford Drug Co. adv-38 4t

Wiley E. Jones for Attorney General

Wiley E. Joney, the democratic candidate for attorney general, is one of the best known lawyers in the State.

Mr. Jones is the present incumbent in office and has made a good record. He has been particularly active in enforcing the prohibition law, and wrote the prohibition plank in the State democratic platform.

TO THE VOTERS OF GRAHAM COUNTY:

On account of recent severe illness in my family, it has been impossible for me to see many voters personally. In this election I must depend entirely upon the efforts of my neighbors and friends. Graham County has been my home for ten years. I am paying taxes to help support our county government and the taxpayers' interests are mine. If you feel that my record and reputation, both as a citizen and lawyer, are sufficient guarantees for my administration of the office of County Attorney, then I ask the support of all good citizens at the polls next Tuesday, November 7th.

Respectfully,
W. R. CHAMBERS.

FOR A BUSINES ADMINISTRATION

ELECT OUR FRIEND

JOE V. PROCHASKA

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE

S. C. Heywood for Reelection

It is an acknowledged fact in all business and in one as important as the Public School management, that those who are qualified and have made good in the discharge of their duties should be retained in office. Supt. S. C. Heywood has given his full time and attention to the work of the betterment of the schools, both educationally and financially.

With the exception of two districts, all in the county were at the commencement of this school year on a cash basis, and this enables the employment of the best teachers.

Several hundred dollars have been saved the taxpayers in the purchase of school supplies during the last two years, which the taxpayers should take into consideration.

Mr. Heywood has an intelligent grasp of the situation and with two years' experience connected with a constant and persistent study of the needs of the schools, will be able to add very materially to the further advancement of our educational interests.

Appreciation for a faithful performance of duties, well and efficiently performed, can be best shown by reelecting Mr. Heywood to a second term of office for which he is a candidate.

Pressing official duties prevent a thorough campaign, which it is hoped the voters will take into consideration.

B. F. Stewart for Sheriff

B. F. Stewart is the republican candidate for sheriff of Graham county.

Mr. Stewart announces that if elected sheriff of this county, he will conduct his office in a business-like manner and do his full duty to the people.

Mr. Stewart says that he has always done and will do anything he undertakes to do.

One of the finest lines of Precious Stones, solid Gold Rings, high grade Watches and Chains, in fact everything that goes to make up an attractive line of Jewelry, may be found at STONE JEWELRY COMPANY'S STORE. adv-36-tf

James A. Duke for County Treasurer

James A. Duke, the republican candidate for county treasurer, is probably one of the best known men in the county.

Mr. Duke has resided in Graham county for many years. He is well-known as an educator, having taught in the Gila Academy for several years. He has a good business training and is fully qualified for the position of county treasurer.

As a republican, Mr. Duke has always taken an active interest in the affairs of his party. He is the unanimous choice of his party for the position he seeks, and, if elected, will undoubtedly make a good record.

WOMAN PRESS AGENT

Miss Emma C. Miller, "the only real, live woman circus press representative," born in the wilds of Pasadena, Cal., and now with Al G. Barnes Circus, was a visitor in town last week. Miss Miller is a handsome young woman and is making a great success of her novel position with this famous circus.

GET THREE DEER

Horace Cooper and G. E. D. Williams returned Monday from a deer hunt in the Aravaipa country. They killed three fine bucks.

Notice

Will exchange good paying meat and grocery business for good dairy cows. For particulars, address P. O. Box, No. 28, Johnson, Arizona. adv-35-3t

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL, THE SATURDAY EVENING POST and THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN wish to secure the spare time of a man or woman to act as local representative in Safford and vicinity, looking after the renewals of their many subscriptions in this section, and introducing these publications to new readers. Payment will be made in salary and commission. Previous experience is desirable but not essential. For details address, with references, Box 654, THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY, Independence Square, Philadelphia. ad-38-2t

PURE BRED HEREFORDS

W. A. Moody came in Monday day evening with five carloads of pure-bred registered Hereford cows. These were put on the Welker and Moody ranches on Ash Creek. These cows are for breeding purposes and Mr. Welker and Mr. Moody expect to make some of the best and most pure-bred stock farms in the West.

Her Son Subject to Croup

"My son Edwin is subject to croup," writes Mrs. E. O. Irwin, New Kensington, Pa. "I put in many sleepless hours at night before I learned of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mothers need not fear this disease if they keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house and use it as directed. It always gave my boy relief." Obtainable everywhere. adv-38-4t

H. M. Hunt, Arizona representative of the Western Coffee Co., of El Paso, who is making Safford his headquarters, is killing two birds with one stone. He is still looking for a house for his family and while doing this is giving out large, generous samples of that famous President Brand Coffee—the kind that tastes better and goes farther than any other. It is for sale by all grocers in the Gila Valley.

A HUNTIN' trip without yo' trusty pipe is about as lonesome as a honeymoon without yo' blushin' bride.

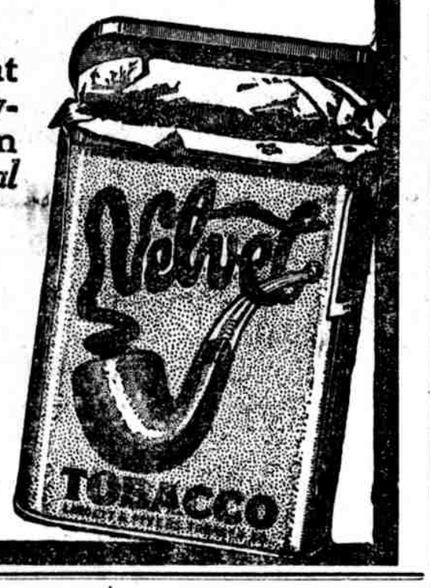
Velvet Joe

AND "Yo' Trusty Pipe" without VELVET!

It would never happen, if you knew VELVET.

You would remember that aged-in-the-wood mellowness VELVET gets from its two years of *natural* ageing.

You would remember there is a coolness and a smoothness to VELVET which only a *naturally* matured tobacco can have.



Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

10c Tins 5c Metal-lined Bags
One Pound Glass Humidors

BOND ELECTION NOTICE

Upon the Second of October, A. D. 1916, the Board of Supervisors, of Graham County, State of Arizona, consisting of Geo. A. Foote, Chairman; James Quinn, Member, and Geo. A. Matthews, Member, met at its office in the county court house at Safford, Graham county, State of Arizona, in regular session, and upon motion duly made by Geo. A. Matthews and seconded by James Quinn, the Board of Supervisors, of Graham County, State of Arizona, unanimously pass and adopt the following resolution and order by the following vote:

Geo. A. Foote for the resolution, yes; James Quinn, for the resolution, yes; Geo. A. Matthews for the resolution, yes.

Resolution and Order

WHEREAS, In the opinion of the Board of Supervisors, of Graham County, State of Arizona, the interests of the said county require that bonds of said county be issued for the purpose of acquiring funds for the construction and reconstruction of roads and highways and for the construction and reconstruction of bridges in said county and that a county indebtedness be created therefor; and,

WHEREAS, The Board of Supervisors of said county is of the opinion that the interests of said county and the public good demand the acquiring of funds for such purpose in the aggregate amount of Two Hundred Thousand ($200,000.00) Dollars; the same to be acquired by issuing bonds of said county for said amount; and,

WHEREAS, It is provided by Chapter II, of Title LII, of the Revised Statutes of Arizona, 1913, Civil Code, that prior to the creating of such indebtedness and the issuance of such bonds therefor, the question whether such indebtedness shall be authorized shall be submitted by the Board of Supervisors to the vote of the property taxpayers, who, in all other respects, shall be qualified electors in such county for their determination;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED AND ORDERED, and it is hereby ordered by the Board of Supervisors, of Graham County, State of Arizona:

(1). That a special election by the property taxpayers, who, in all other respects, shall be qualified electors in such county, be, and the same is hereby called for Tuesday, the twenty-first day of November, A. D. 1916, for the purpose of determining whether such indebtedness shall be authorized.

(2). That at said election the following question be, and the same is hereby submitted to the property taxpayers of Graham County, State of Arizona, who, in all other respects, shall be qualified electors in such county for their determination, to-wit:

Shall the Board of Supervisors, of Graham County, State of Arizona, be authorized to create an indebtedness on behalf of the county and upon the credit thereof by issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of said county in the aggregate amount of Two Hundred Thousand ($200,000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of acquiring funds for the construction and reconstruction of roads and highways and for the construction and reconstruction of bridges in said county; said issue to consist of two hundred (200) bonds, numbered from one (1) to two hundred (200), both inclusive, in the denomination of One Thousand ($1,000.00) Dollars each, which said bonds shall be dated the first day of January, A. D. 1917, and shall become due and payable as follows, to-wit:

One twentieth (1-20) one (1) year from date and one-twentieth (1-20) each year thereafter until all are paid, said bonds shall be payable to the bearer and bear interest, as evidenced by coupons thereto attached, at the rate of five and one-half (5½) per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, on the First day of July, and the First day of January, in each year; both principal and interest payable in gold coin of the United States of America, at the office of the County Treasurer of Graham County, State of Arizona, at Safford, Arizona, or at National Park Bank, New York City, at the option of the holder, and said bonds shall be signed by the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors of said county and attested by the clerk of said board, with the corporate seal of said board affixed thereto, and the annexed interest coupons shall be executed by the lithographed fac simile signatures of said chairman and clerk; provided, however, that it shall not be necessary to impress upon any such coupon the seal hereinbefore mentioned.

(3). Such election shall be held in conformity with the provisions of the General Election Laws of the State and by the officers of election provided to be appointed by and who shall qualify under such laws.

(4). That the question so submitted shall be voted on at said election by the electors qualified as aforesaid, at the following voting places, in the respective voting precincts in said county, and the following-named persons are hereby appointed as inspectors, judges, clerks and marshals of election for the purpose of conducting such election in the respective voting precincts of said county, to-wit:

Safford Precinct No. 1—Polling Place, Justice of Peace office. Inspector, S. A. Sowell; Judge, Chas. Yett; Judge, Mrs. Anna L. French; Clerk, Mrs. Margaret Brier; Clerk, Eugene Evans; Marshal, Oscar Lancaster.

Hubbard Precinct No. 2—Polling Place, School House. Inspector, J. I. Palmer; Judge, J. E. Chesley; Judge, E. D. Howard; Clerk, Wm. Wamsley; Clerk, Brigham Stowell; Marshal, A. Orrell Lamoreaux.

Lebanon Precinct No. 3—Polling Place, School House. Inspector, W. D. Spear; Judge, Geo. N. Campbell; Judge, S. S. Gish; Clerk, C. W. Smithson; Clerk, Anna L. Smithson; Marshal, Arthur Woolsey.

San Jose Precinct No. 4—Polling Place, School House. Inspector, H. C. Ussher; Judge, Mrs. Ruth Carrico; Judge, Edwin Moody; Clerk, Mrs. Sam Curtis; Clerk, Fanny Bailey; Marshal, S. B. Curtis.

Solomonville Precinct No. 5.—Polling Place, Old Court House. Inspector, I. J. Massey; Judge, Mrs. W. A. Wilson; Judge, I. E. Solomon; Clerk, Mrs. Fred Blake; Clerk, Mrs. Grant Robbins; Marshal, J. P. Gillespie.

Pima Precinct No. 6—Polling Place, Pavilion. Inspector; Will Follett; Judge, Alfred Rohner; Judge, Laura Taylor; Clerk, S. S. Green; Clerk, G. G. Root; Marshal, John H. Beal.

Fort Thomas Precinct No. 7—Polling Place, Voeckel's Hall. Inspector, Thos. A. Teague; Judge, Oscar Tyler; Judge, Alex Layton; Clerk, L. J. Brown; Clerk Wm. C. Tyler; Marshal, Sam H. Hinton.

Bonita Precinct No. 8—Polling Place, School House. Inspector, J E. Shrode; Judge. B. I. Wood; Judge, Wiley Shirley; Clerk, W. E. Shrode; Clerk, Jas. E. DuBois; Marshal, Fred M. Wood.

Klondyke Precinct No. 9—Polling Place, Church. Inspector, Joe Blake, Judge, H. J. Dowdle; Judge, H. T. Firth; Clerk, J. Weathersby; Clerk, Giff Allaire; Marshal, D. W. Wilson.

Artesia Precinct No. 10—Polling Place, School House. Inspector, Heber Higgins; Judge, B. B. Elmer; Judge, A. A. Allred; Clerk, J. M. Allen; Clerk, Zack Britton; Marshal, Buck Cash.

Lompoc Precinct No. 11—Polling Place, School House. Inspector, R. J. Whistler; Judge, G. P. Moore; Judge, J. E. Thomas; Clerk, M. D. Hornshell; Clerk, C. H. Wasson; Marshal, H. M. Estes.

Thatcher Precinct No. 12—Polling Place, Amusement Hall. Inspector, Geo. Hoopes; Judge, D. B. Hunt; Judge, Evans Coleman; Clerk, Sonora Allen; Clerk, Ella Tyler; Marshal, O. M. Allen.

Eden Precinct No. 13—Polling Place, School House. Inspector, I. James Palmer; Judge, Asa Kempton; Judge, Martha M. Fuller; Clerk, Winnie Marshall; Clerk, Zeta Kempton; Marshal, E. Palmer.

Stanley Precinct No. 14—Polling Place, School House. Inspector, D. W. Mitchell; Judge, T. P. McCulley; Judge, Geo. W. Sanford; Clerk, Lola Lewis; Clerk, Felix Warren; Marshal, H. A. Lewis.

Central Precinct No. 15—Polling Place, Church. Inspector, E. M. Allred; Judge, Wm. Bigler; Judge, C. M. Bigler; Clerk; R. P. Jones; Clerk, C. W. Combs; Marshal, Benj. F. Cluff.

Geronimo Precinct No. 16—Polling Place, Amusement Hall. Inspector, R. S. Knowles; Judge, C. N. Rose; Judge, Mrs. D. W. Cluff; Clerk, W. B. McBride, Clerk, Elmer L. Godwin; Marshal, Chas. E. Dallas.

Bryce Precinct No. 17—Polling Place, School House, Inspector, R. D. Lamoreaux; Judge, Wm. A. Peck; Judge, J. [illegible] Walker; Clerk, Minnie Dixon; Clerk, Mrs. Heber Bryce; Marshal, J. W. Felshaw.

Galiuro Precinct No. 18—Polling Place, School House. Inspector, H. W. Nichols; Judge, Emma Gerhart; Judge, Roy E. Morgan; Clerk, Ella E. McGirk; Clerk, Jesse C. Wells; Marshal, S. S. Cosper.

Columbine Precinct No. 19—Polling Place, Mill Office. Inspector, F. C. Fisher; Judge, W. R. Freeman; Judge, Lydia V. Hodges; Clerk, Ella H. Freeman; Clerk, John Hodges; Marshal, Gerald Merrill.

(5). The polls shall be opened in each precinct at 6:00 o'clock a. m., on the day of said election, and shall be closed at 6:00 o'clock p. m., of said day.

(6). Such election shall be by ballot. The baliots shall be printed with black ink on white paper of sufficient thickness to prevent the printing from being discernible from the back. The ballots shall be headed "Official Ballot" in heavy faced plain letters not smaller than great primer, with a heavy rule above and below the same. The ballots for said election shall be provided by the Board of Supervisors of said county, and be in substantially the following form:

Official Ballot

Precinct, Graham County, State of Arizona. Election, November 21, 1916. Question submitted. Shall the Board of Supervisors, of Graham County, State of Arizona, be authorized to create an indebtedness on behalf of the County and upon the credit thereof, by issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of said County, in the aggregate amount of Two Hundred Thousand ($200,000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of acquiring funds for the construction and reconstruction of roads and highways and for the construction and reconstruction of bridges in said County; said issue to consist of two hundred bonds, numbering from one to two hundred, both inclusive, in the denomination of One Thousand ($1,000.00) Dollars each, which said bonds shall be dated First day of January, A. D. 1917, and shall become due and payable, as follows: One-twentieth one year from date and one-twentieth each year thereafter until all are paid. Said bonds shall be payable to bearer and bear interest, as evidenced by coupons thereto attached, at the rate of 5½ per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, on the First day of July and the First day of January, in each year; both principal and interest payable in gold coin of the United States of America, at the office of the County Treasurer of Graham County, State of Arizona, at Safford, Arizona, or at National Park Bank, New York City, at the option of the holder, and said bonds shall be signed by the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors of said County and attested by the clerk of said board with the corporate seal of said board affixed thereto, and the annexed interest coupons shall be executed by the lithographed fac-simile signatures of said chairman and clerk; provided, however, that it shall not be necessary to impress upon any such coupon the seal hereinbefore mentioned

FOR THE BONDS ..... ☐

AGAINST THE BONDS ..... ☐

The voter shall indicate his vote for or against the proposition submitted, by placing the mark "X" in the square opposite the group of words expressing his choice.

(7.) The Board of Supervisors shall cause the ballots to be printed and distributed and shall send a sufficient number to the judges appointed in the several precincts to supply the voters therein.

(8). No ballot for or against said question shall be received by the judges unless the person offering the same shall be a property taxpayer of the county, and also in all respects a qualified elector therein.

(9). The returns of said election shall be submitted to the Board of Supervisors, of Graham County, State of Arizona, within twelve days from the date of such election; whereupon said Board of Supervisors shall hold a special meeting on the first Monday succeeding the said twelfth day, for the purpose of canvassing the vote cast at said election, and said board shall immediately thereafter, by certificate, declare the result of said election, and said certificate of the result of said election so made shall be prima facie evidence of the complete performance of all the conditions and requirements precedent to the holding of such election.

(10). If a majority of the property taxpayers in said County, who, must also in all respects, be qualified electors therein, voting at said election, shall vote in favor of the creation of such indebtedness and the issuance of bonds for the purpose aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the Board of Supervisors immediately upon canvassing the vote cast at said election, as above provided, to file and record in the office of the County Recorder, of Graham County, State of Arizona, a certificate showing the object of such election, the total number of votes cast thereat, the total number of votes cast in favor of the creation of such indebtedness and the total number of votes cast against the creation of such indebtedness; and such certificate shall contain the further statement that the creation of such indebtedness is ordered, and thereupon it shall immediately become the duty of such Board of Supervisors to take such steps as are required by law to carry out the object of such election.

(11). The clerk of said board is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to cause to be posted at least five copies of this order in public places within Graham County, State of Arizona, at least twelve days prior to the date of the election hereby called, and shall have posted a copy of said notice at each polling place within said county; provided that in addition to the posting of such notices, publication of a copy thereof shall be made in THE GRAHAM GUARDIAN, a newspaper designated by this board, for the period of not less than thirty days prior to the date of the election hereby called; said GRAHAM GUARDIAN being a newspaper, published in the Town of Safford, Graham County, State of Arizona, of general circulation in said county.

(12). This resolution and order shall be entered of record in the minute book of the Board of Supervisors, of said Graham County, and the clerk of the board is hereby authorized and directed to effectuate the various provisions thereof.

Passed and adopted this 2d day of October, A. D. 1916.

GEO. A. FOOTE,
Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, Graham County, State of Arizona.

[SEAL]

GEORGE A. MATTHEWS,
Member.

JAMES QUINN,
Member.

Attest:

MARTIN LAYTON,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, Graham County, State of Arizona.

First publication, October 13, 1916. Last publication, November 17, 1916. Published in THE GRAHAM GUARDIAN, being a newspaper published weekly and of a general circulation in Graham County, State of Arizona. adv-35-6t

Good Roads for Graham County

How Catarrh Is Contracted

Mothers are sometimes so thoughtless as to neglect the colds which their children contract. The inflammation of the mucus membrane, at first acute, becomes chronic and the child has chronic catarrh, a disease that is seldom cured and that may prove a life's burden. Many persons who have this loathsome disease will remember having had frequent colds at the time it was contracted. A little forethought, a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy judiciously used and all this trouble might have been avoided. Obtainable everywhere. adv-34-4t

Good Roads for Graham County

Al. G. Barnes' Circus

In this picture Louie Roth is seen putting his head in the lion's mouth, while the other beasts look on.

Winter Wear Furnishings

for stylish men. are here in great variety. Fancy Vests in a diversity of designs and shades. Novelties in Neckwear and Bows, Puffs, Four-in-Hands, Tecks, Squares, etc. Fine Kid Gloves in all the best shades, and a variety of Dress and Business Shirts that will captivate the correct dresser. Fine lines of Hosiery, Underwear, Belts, etc.

New Line of Rough Neck Sweaters, from

$1.50 to $5.00

Krupp's Clothing Store

'Phone 62 ELI KRUPP, Prop. Safford

100 BICYCLES 100

MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE FOR

$25.00 Each

$10.00 Down and $5.00 Per Month

Just West Across the Street from Safford Hay and Grain Company's Office

Safford Machinery and Auto Supply Company

IF YOU ARE BUYING YOUR HARDWARE SOMEWHERE ELSE BE FAIR TO YOURSELF AND "SPLIT" YOUR BUSINESS WITH US FOR A WHILE. THEN BUY ALL OF YOUR STUFF AT THE STORE YOU LIKE THE BEST. THAT'S FAIR—AND YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF.

YOU CAN QUIT DOING BUSINESS WITH US IF YOU DON'T FIND OUT, AS OUR REGULAR CUSTOMERS HAVE DONE, THAT OUR HARDWARE'S BEST AND IT STANDS THE TEST.

PACE HARDWARE CO.

SAFFORD

The Guardian

JOHN F. WEBER, - - EDITOR

Official Paper of Graham County

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
BY THE
GUARDIAN PUBLISHING CO.

Entered in the postoffice, Safford, Arizona, as Second Class Mail Matter.

TERMS:
One Year, in Advance.....$1.50

Address all communications to
The Guardian Publishing Co.
SAFFORD, ARIZONA

NOVEMBER 3, 1916

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

For President
WOODROW WILSON
of New Jersey
For Vice-President
THOMAS R. MARSHALL
of Indiana

Democratic State and County Ticket

STATE OFFICERS

Henry F. Ashurst... U. S. Senate
Carl Hayden .. Rep. in Congress
Henry D. Ross... Supreme Court
George W. P. Hunt... Governor
Sidney P. Osborn... Sec'y of State
Jesse L. Boyce .... State Auditor
David F. Johnson.. State Treasurer
Wiley E. Jones.. Attorney General
C. O. Case.. Supt. Pub. Instruction
Amos A. Betts..... .....
....Corporation Commission
G. H. Bolin..... Mine Inspector
Chas. R. Howe.. Tax Commission

COUNTY OFFICERS

D. H. Claridge.....State Senate
J. H. Lines...State Representative
A. C. Peterson.....
..... State Representative
R. F. McBride.....Sheriff
J. T. Owens..Supervisor, Dist. No. 1
W. A. Lines..Supervisor, Dist. No. 2
C. O. Larson..... Recorder
C. T. Reynolds.....Treasurer
E. L. Spriggs....County Attorney
D. D. Jones..County School Supt.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

If the "Local Option Amendment" is carried, even though your town will be dry, the whiskey distiller and the beer brewer can manufacture whiskey and beer?

That's the nigger in the wood pile. Your town may be dry under local option, but the whiskey distiller and the brewer can go into business just the same and no law can stop the manufacture of alcoholic drinks.

The only sure way of preventing the manufacture of alcoholic drinks in any town in Arizona is to vote against the "Local Option Amendment," by placing an "X" in the box opposite "109—No." For example:

109	No	X

To keep Arizona dry and in the "prosperity column," you should vote in favor of the "Prohibition Amendment," by placing an "X" in the box opposite "104—Yes," For example:

104	Yes	X

VOTE FOR

The amendment to substitute life imprisonment for the death penalty for capital punishment. Place an "X" opposite 300.

WEST WOULD BENEFIT

One of the Senate's strongest champions of good roads is Senator Ashurst. More than two years and a half ago, speaking in the Senate, he gave utterance to the following expression:

"Road-builders are valuable persons, as good roads are the bands and bonds which hold in peace, amity, unity, trade and friendship the people of our nation."

This expression might well become the motto of any Good Roads Association.

Senator Ashurst of Arizona is now urging the passage of a bill appropriating one million dollars for the purpose of constructing roads, trails and bridges within Indian reservations in the United States. This is wholesome and salutary legislation. The appropriation will not be a gratuity out of the treasury of the United States, but is reimbursable to the Federal Treasury from moneys derived from grazing permits, sales of timber and leases of lands on unallotted Indian reservations.

The "Examiner" hopes the bill will pass, as Indian reservations in our Western States occupy great areas with impefect, if any, road facilities. Hence, these reservations as they exist today are direct and constant barriers against travel between important and distant parts of the West. In the Indian appropriation bill, approved May 18, 1916, Senator Ashurst succeeded in obtaining an initial appropriation for the purpose of constructing roads on Indian reservations when he secured the appropriation of $10,000 for the improvement and construction of roads on the Yuma Reservation in California.—Los Angeles Examiner.

"HIS PEN OR YOUR LIFE"

"His Pen or Your Life," is the title of a strong editorial endorsement of President Wilson that is published in the Detroit News, a paper of independent politics. The News says:

"A great deal of fun has been had over note-writing, although we used to be fond of quoting "The pen is mightier than the sword." But President Wilson has had just two tools he could use—his pen with his brain behind it, or your life.

"That is all he had. He could send notes, or he could send human lives. He had to use either the tools of diplomacy, or he had to use American fathers and brothers and sons—of whom you likely would have been one.

"Now, aside from partisan preferences, which would you prefer a president to risk first—his pen or your life? President Wilson tried his pen first. If the pen had failed through any weakness in its handling, he would have had to fall back on the bodies of American men, offered as sacrifices on the altar of battle.

"But the notes did not fail, because they were not weak notes, and they were not written by a weak man."

A SLANDEROUS STORY

Sim Ely, a former secretary for Judge Kibbey, is sending telegrams to the press of the State, in which he states that the democrats are saying that Judge Kibbey drinks booze.

We are not sufficiently enlightened on the private life of Judge Kibbey to know whether he is addicted to personal use or not, but we do know that Sim Ely's statement is unwarranted and that it is made for no other purpose than to slander the supporters of Senator Ashurst, and that it is the usual preelection dope of a despairing republican candidate to shout that the other fellows are telling lies about him.

The republicans of this State are hard pressed when they resort to such despicable political methods to save their candidate from defeat, and Judge Kibbey and his supporters will have plenty of time after November 7th to reflect over this fact.

VOTE AGAINST

The amendment to amend Subdivision 5, of Section 1, of Article IV, of the Constitution of Arizona. This amendment is designed to destroy the initiative and referendum. Place an "X" opposite 101.

The amendment to amend Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Arizona, "Legislative Redistricting." This amendment is a corporation scheme. Kill it with an "X" opposite 107.

The amendment to provide for the protection and safety to workman. This is another corporation scheme, initiated by corporation agents, which is opposed by all classes of labor. Place an "X" opposite 111.

ENTHUSIASTIC MEETINGS

The democratic county candidates are meeting with enthusiasm at every meeting held in the county. The good records of the candidates for county offices and it is no wonder that the voters of Graham county are enthusiastic in their support of the democratic county candidates. The entire ticket will be elected by good majorities.

Mr. Hughes dislikes the federal banking and currency law which will prevent panics. He does not like the child-labor law that will prevent the dwarfing of the bodies and minds of boys and girls in the factories. He is against the eight-hour law which is so distasteful to the railroad managers. Apparently the only thing that he would like is to see Charles E-vasion Hughes president.

If Wilson is defeated, the sinister powers that formerly ruled the country from Wall Street will again take the helm. If Wilson wins, special interests will get just what they have been getting for three and a half years. Wall Street, naturally, is for Hughes. It is up to you, Mr. Common Peop e.

The republicans appeal to the farmer with a vague promise of a protective tariff. The democrats have released them from the clutches of usurers by means of the rural credit law. As in many other cases, it is a question of hazy promise as against concrete performance.

With Hughes and Roosevelt endeavoring to force the country into war, Woodrow Wilson will continue to stand as he has always stood for the preservation of American honor—by peaceful methods if possible, by war if that prove the necessary resort.

After all the complaints of Candidate Hughes and the railroad companies about "confiscation of property," the highest price of the year in railroad stocks was during the 30 days following the eight-hour law.

Tongue-tied and without a word of promise for any specific relief Mr. Hughes campaigns with a hammer. The Knockers' Union ought to bar him for violating the eight-hour day.

Those who charge the brave man in the White House with cowardice are themselves the most contemptible of cravens—too contemptible to fight fair.

That war on sea-craft off American shores is on foreign and not American vessels and seamen — thanks to Woodrow Wilson.

The chief opponents of the eight-hour day toil one hour a week—clipping coupons.

WILSON AND THE FARMER

"The present is the first administration that has made a determined effort to show the farmer how to get satisfactory prices for his harvests. Former administrations have shown the farmer how to fight the boll weevil, the chinch bug, the army worm and other insect pests. But this is the first administration that has dared to make common cause with the farmer against the usurer, the transportation shark, the fake middle man, and the other human pests who in the past have grown rich on the produce of the farmer's toil.

"With these things accomplished in little more than three years, after twenty years of weary waiting, the road to greater freedom is not backward to old order but forward, holding steadfast to these friends who have proved true."—The Farmers' Open Forum.

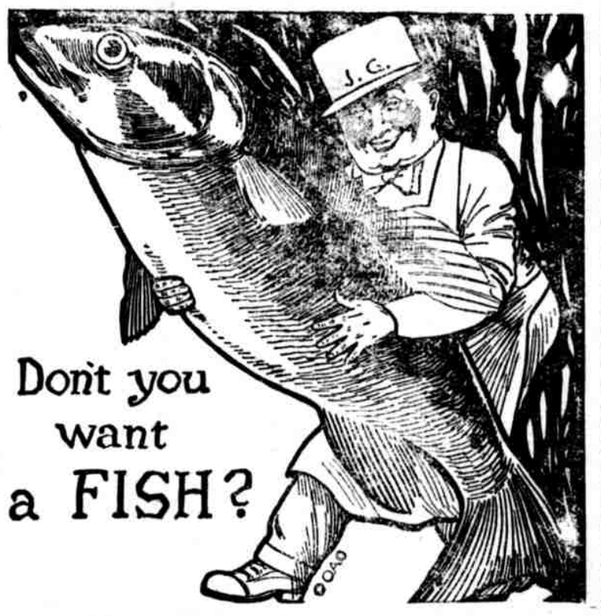
DEHORNING FIRE-DEVIL

In 1910 the average forest fire burned off 250 acres, in 1916, two acres. During the same period cost of suppression has been cut in half and the area burned over reduced to one-twentieth of what it was six years ago. This is the context of a report just received by the District Forester here, summing up the fire record of the Coconino National Forest in Arizona. The other forests of the southwest are said to have made substantially similar progress.

Just at present the various forest supervisors are awaiting with interest the annual award of the blue ribbon for the best fire record for 1916. Over 610 fires were extinguished in Arizona and New Mexico during the past season, which was exceptionally dangerous. The ribbon, it is said, is being closely contested.

Sufferer from Indigestion Relieved

[illegible] Chamberlain's Tablets my husband suffered for several years from indigestion, causing him to have pains in the stomach and distress after eating. Chamberlain's Tablets relieved him of these spells right away," writes Mrs. Thomas Casey, Geneva, N. Y. Obtainable everywhere. adv-38-4t



Don't you want a FISH?

SURE YOU DO!

AND YOU WANT TO COME AND GET IT FROM US. THEN YOU WILL GET A SURE-ENOUGH "FRESH" FISH, WHICH YOU'LL ENJOY.

LET US SEND YOU A "FRESH FISH" EVERY FRIDAY. LEAVE AN ORDER AND WE WILL.

WE WON'T SELL YOU ANY BUT FRESH, HEALTHFUL GROCERIES BECAUSE THAT'S THE ONLY KIND WE EVER HAVE IN OUR STORE.

OUT OF TOWN CUSTOMERS CALL US BY PHONE AND WE WILL DELIVER THE GOODS BY JITNE.

The Safford Market
Safford, Arizona
ASK FOR ONE OF OUR PREMIUM PUNCH CARDS

FEED FOR LIVE STOCK

Farm Advisor Ballantyne Makes Good Suggestions to the Farmers

One of the big factors that will govern the profits that will be received from either dairy cows or beef cattle will be the price of the feed that they consume. The average farmer that keeps livestock knows this so well that he is always looking for cheap pasture or feed of some sort. To obtain this he very often pastures his alfalfa thru the entire winter (a very questionable practice), or possibly his grain field, both after it comes up in the fall or spring, and then after the crop is cut and removed. Very often the stubble is pastured from that time until it is again plowed up for resowing to grain.

While it is good practice to pasture fields for a short time after the grain is off, it is far more profitable to do this for a week or ten days on part that can be plowed and planted to another crop, say beans or corn. A number of men have done this during the past summer and have put the corn into their silos.

Evans Coleman, among others, plowed some land about June 5th, and after preparing the soil properly, seeded it to corn. On October 18th and 19th, he cut 1.9 acres and put the corn into his silo. He weighed the corn from four square rods of land and found that the field was yielding at the rate of 28.2 tons per acre. The total cost of his corn, including all labor on the crop, such as watering, plowing, cultivating, harrowing, planting, as well as water taxes, land taxes and a rent of $10.00 per acre, was $28.23, or practically one dollar per ton of fodder and grain.

To put this corn into his silo, including all labor and teams and $28.00 rent on cutter and engine, and $23.00 interest and depreciation on his silo, cost $1.64. Remember, that this is the total cost and the farmer received good wages for himself and teams while this was being filled, and he received interest and depreciation on the money invested besides.

The total cost of the ensilage then was $2.64, and Mr. Coleman and some other good live farmers are feeding this to their cows, and are selling their $17.00 per ton alfalfa, or at least such as they will not need. Figure the saving out for yourselves. The average dairy cow, when fed in the average way, will consume and waste at least 40 pounds of good alfalfa per day. With 35 pounds of ensilage, 12 pounds of first-class alfalfa and 8 pounds of wheat straw, the same cow will produce better milk and more of it, her health will be better and she will come thru the winter in first-class condition.

Study this over and if you have any questions or would like any suggestions, call on or write the Farm Advisor, and while you are about it, join the Farm Improvement Association—it might make a better citizen out of you.

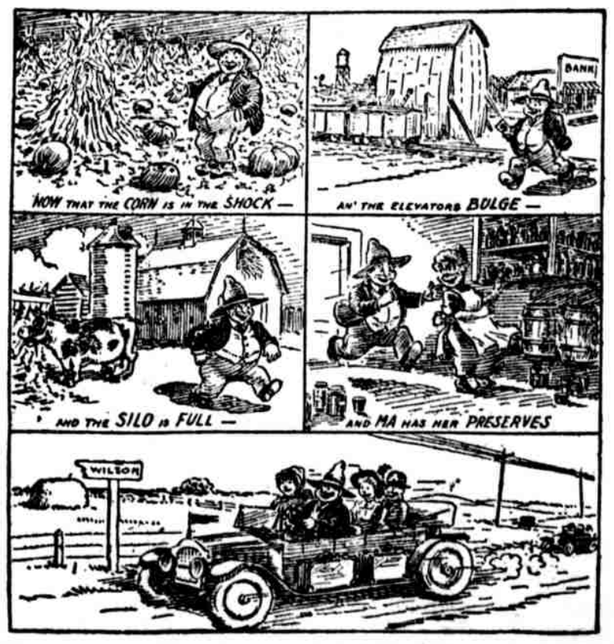
All grocers in the Gila valley will take pleasure in filling your order for Western coffees. President Brand, 45 cents per pound; Ambassador Brand, 40 cents per pound; Statesman Brand, 35 cents per pound—the kind you like. adv-33-tf

Now Lookout

When a cold hangs on as often happens, or when you have hardly gotten over one cold before you contract another, lookout for you are liable to contract some very serious disease. This succession of colds weakens the system and lowers the vitality so that you are much more liable to contract chronic catarrh, pneumonia or consumption. Cure your cold while you can. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has a great reputation. It is relied upon by thousands of people and never disappoints them. Try it. It only costs a quarter. Obtainable everywhere. adv-38-4t

WILSON JOY RIDING IN HUGHES' "FOOL'S PARADISE"

(With thanks to a Republican newspaper for the suggestion)



We Can ALL Go and VOTE For WILSON
—Omaha Bee.

The Financial End of the Farm

needs careful attention if the farmer wants the full measure of success.

In no other way is this so easily and so accurately accomplished as by means of a check account.

YOUR account will be appreciated at THIS bank.

The Bank of Safford
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $65,000.00

Women Love the Smoke

of a good cigar. It is so fragrant and delicate that much as they may dislike the smell of ordinary tobacco they enjoy the odor from a good cigar, Try one today after dinner. You can enjoy it in full confidence that you'll not be asked to stop, or even to get out of the best room in the house.

THE PALMS
JOHN F. WEBER, Prop.
SAFFORD - - - - ARIZONA

The Citizens Bank
THATCHER, ARIZONA

Invites your account on a basis of Conservative Banking and Good Service. You will find it a pleasure to transact your banking business with us. Your business solicited.

Service Brings Results

From Western Crude—
Western, Asphalt-base, crude makes the highest grade motor oil, not only in *our* opinion, but also in the opinion of unprejudiced experts and of increasing thousands of satisfied users.

ZEROLENE
the Standard Oil for Motor Cars

Sold by dealers everywhere and at all Service Stations of the Standard Oil Company (California)
Safford

J. D. Halstead Lumber Co.
—SUCCESSOR TO—
GEO. P. JACOBSON

A complete line of Building Material.
Your patronage solicited.
Special attention given to estimates.

L. A. CROSS, Manager
SAFFORD, ARIZONA

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
SAFFORD THE GUARDIAN

HUGHES DODGES ISSUE ON EIGHT HOUR LAW

Attacks Wilson's Plan, but Won't Say What He Would Have Done.

ONLY WAY TO AVERT STRIKE.

Republican Nominee Is Asked to Declare if He Would Have Vetoed the Bill With the Certain Assurance of Industrial Disaster to the Country.

So busy has been Charles E. Hughes criticising the deeds of the Wilson administration that he has had little time to tell or has purposely evaded telling the public what he would have done had he been president under similar circumstances.

Lately Mr. Hughes has turned his attacks upon President Wilson's successful settlement of the crisis in the railroad world by causing to be passed by congress the Adamson eight hour bill. Mr. Hughes has characterized this action as a "surrender to force;" he is "opposed to being dictated to by any power on earth before the facts are known," and he would not act until he had had a "fair investigation and candid treatment."

Taking issue with the Republican candidate's attitude, the New York Times in an editorial asks: **"What would Mr. Hughes have done?"**

"Well, what way would Mr. Hughes have taken?" continues the Times. "What would he have done? Here was Mr. Wilson's position: The brotherhoods refused arbitration; the railroad presidents would not accept the settlement Mr. Wilson proposed, granting the eight hour standard day, with provision for an impartial inquiry into its working. There was no law on the statute books to enforce arbitration.

"The president knew, knew with certainty and beyond question, that he could not get such a law from the congress now in session. **The sure and inevitable alternative to his acceptance of the eight hour standard day measure was a strike, the suspension of railway service, freight and passenger, all over the country, beginning on the morning of Sept. 4.**

Would Hughes Have Done It?

"Mr. Hughes would not surrender to anybody in the country. **Then he would have surrendered the country to the disturbance, immeasurable loss and peril of a strike.** Would he, in fact have done that? Had he been president, confronted by that situation, would Mr. Hughes have brought on a strike by refusing to sign the bill granting a wage increase?

"There was the strike in plain sight, a few hours away, sure to come. Would Mr. Hughes have vetoed the bill? On the contrary, would he not have done just what Mr Wilson did sign it?

"The Republican candidate stands for two things—'first, for the principle of fair, impartial, thorough, candid arbitration, and, second, for legislation on facts according to the necessities of the case.' **Mr. Wilson stands for those two things and, much more, has pledged himself to use all his influence to secure them.**

"What more could Mr. Hughes do? Would it be too much to ask the Republican candidate to put a little common fairness into his speeches? Is he afraid to tell his audiences what the president actually did urge upon congress?

"As a true champion of arbitration President Wilson recommended that arbitration judgments be made records of a court of law in order that their interpretation and enforcement may not lie with the parties to the dispute, but 'with an impartial and authoritative tribunal.' It was his purpose to provide against future emergencies to what he nearly succeeded in doing in the White House conferences would put such a face upon the matter that prevent the recurrence of such dangers as then confronted him and the country.

"The people of the United States are not going to be put off with the misinformation as to what the president did to avert a strike and to prevent the threat of future strikes. We have reason to believe that the full revelation of what he did, what he tried to do and Republican efforts to make an issue of it would fall entirely flat.

Advice to Railroads.

"But the people do know, for it was before them in the president's address to congress, that he proposed, not a single emergency act, but a broad program of legislation to meet a public need and permanently remove a public danger. It was a program which we are convinced the railroads would be very wise to accept in its entirety.

"Certainly it seems to us that they are ill advised to pray for the election of Mr. Hughes, who, if we take him at his word, would have brought on the strike, with all its irreparable injuries to the country's business and peril for the country's peace."

"WATCHFUL WAITING" HAS SAVED A NATION'S LIFE

Mexican Envoy's Tribute to President Wilson's Policy.

Convincing testimony to the wisdom and justice of President Wilson's Mexican policy is given by Luis Cabrera, one of Mexico's commissioners at the joint Mexican-American conference in session at New London, Conn.

"I do not care to discuss political or international questions of any kind,"

© by Underwood & Underwood.

LUIS CABRERA.

said Senor Cabrera in a recent interview, "but I will say that in official circles of Mexico President Wilson is looked upon as one of the greatest men the United States ever has had as a leader. He is calm and considerate, and his much abused 'watchful waiting' policy has probably saved the life of my nation and prevented your country from entering into a needless struggle."

DEMOCRATIC PROMISES TO FARMERS FULFILLED.

Benefits Under Wilson Set Forth In Official Pamphlet.

The Democratic platform of 1912 made this promise to the farmers of America:

"Of equal importance with the question of currency reform is the question of rural credits or agricultural finance. Therefore we recommend that an investigation of agricultural credit societies in foreign countries be made, so that it may be ascertained whether a system of rural credits may be devised suitable to conditions in the United States, and we also favor legislation permitting national banks to loan a reasonable proportion of their funds on real estate security.

"We recognize the value of vocational education and urge federal appropriations for such training and extension teaching in agriculture in co-operation with the several states."

These pledges, with many other services to the farmer, have been completely fulfilled in the legislation of the present administration. The record of **Democratic Performance** is offered in comparison with the Republican record of broken promises to the farmer in an attractive pamphlet issued by the Democratic national committee. Copies have been furnished to every Democratic state committee for free distribution.

Going Some—and Still After Him

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

RURAL CREDIT LAW MAKES MONEY CHEAP

High Interest Agencies Rush to Reduce Rate to Farmers.

BIGGER LOANS AT LESS COST

Effect of New Administration Act Strongly Felt, Although Law Is Not Yet In Operation—Will Reduce Interest on Land Loans to Less Than 5 Per Cent.

The effect of the new rural credit law, passed by the Democratic Administration, already is being felt in lower interest rates, although the land banks have not yet been organized. Testimony to this effect is being given at the hearings held by the Federal Farm Loan Board in various western cities.

At the hearings in Nebraska, numerous farmers stated that interest rates in the homesteading section of that State already have been reduced from one to two per cent. by the prospective competition of the thirty to forty-year loans that the land banks soon will be making.

The average loan that an insurance company or other agency would make on a 640-acre Kinkaid claim was $1,000. The commission deducted from this left the farmer $850. He paid interest at from 8 to 10 per cent for five years on $1,000, making his average net interest rate from 11 to 13 per cent.

This now is stopped by the coming competition of the new rural credit law. Loan agents are rushing into Nebraska to make five-year loans at lower rates, to forestall the operation of the new law.

The farmers of the West, who have suffered exorbitant interest rates for years, are not worrying about the banks. Their testimony before the Farm Loan Board showed that they are enthusiastic over the new law, and ready to help put it in successful operation.

The new farm loan act provides means by which farmers can form co-operative or joint stock associations and borrow from the regional Federal Farm Loan Bank on the security of their land. Ten farmers can form one of these associations. They can borrow up to 50 per cent. of the value of their land, for a period running up to forty years.

The loan is repayable in small annual instalments, or can be paid in full at any time. The estimated interest rate is 5 per cent. The farmer who borrows will share in the profits of the business, thereby reducing his interest rate to a still lower figure.

The Democratic National Committee has issued from its headquarters, at No. 30 East Forty-second Street, New York, a pamphlet for free distribution fully explaining the rural credits law. It may be obtained from your Democratic State or County Committee.

TEN QUESTIONS FOR VOTERS

Ten questions for voters to answer in advance of Election

1.—Why are the Kings of Wall Street supporting Mr. Hughes?

2.—Why are the great financial interests which favor a central bank, in substitution for the Federal Reserve system, supporting Mr. Hughes?

3.—Why are the high protective monopolists who prepared the schedules of the Payne-Aldrich tariff for Mr. Hughes?

4.—Why is every enemy of American neutrality for Mr Hughes?

5.—Why are all advocates of armed intervention in Mexico for Mr. Hughes?

6.—Why are the trusts and organized greed in every section of the United States for Mr Hughes?

7.—Why are the heroes of military conscription for Mr. Hughes?

8.—Why is every political reactionary and bourbon for Mr. Hughes?

9.—Why is every enemy of industrial reform for Mr. Hughes?

10.—Why is every boss and political grafter in the Republican party for Mr. Hughes?

BOLTS G. O. P., BACKS WILSON

Frederick Ayer, of Union League Makes $1,000 Contribution.

Frederick Ayer, a member of the Union League club—the center of Republicanism in New York city, if not in the country—has sent a check to Chairman Vance McCormick, of the Democratic National Committee, for $1,000, his contribution to the campaign fund for the re-election of President Wilson. With his check he sent a letter, in which he said:

"Convinced as I am that Mr. Wilson is one of the greatest Presidents we ever have had, his hatred of war and love of his country perching like jewels in his crown of office, I send you herewith inclosed my check for $1,000, to be added to the National campaign fund for his election."

Mr. Ayer is a lawyer and financier, a life-long Republican and a stockholder and one of the few directors of the New York Tribune Association, publisher of the New York Tribune, which is supporting Hughes.

WOULD THE "CROOKS" OF 1912 LET HUGHES KEEP PLEDGES?

Candidate Hughes is running on a personal platform of promises.

The safest—the only trustworthy—method of judging the future is by assessing the past. Candidate Hughes' promises should be weighed in the light of his past performances as an executive. Here are some of his promises made when he was a candidate for governor of New York, and set opposite them are his performances to correspond with them:

CANDIDATE HUGHES SAID:	GOVERNOR HUGHES DID:
"I believe in labor legislation and the great benefits that have flowed from the wise conduct of labor organizations."	Refused to appoint a practical railroad man to the state public service commission, although urged to do so by organized labor.
"I want to see fair justice done to everybody who works."	Vetoed the bill giving women schoolteachers equal pay with men for equal work.
"Every practical measure for the real benefit of labor will have my support."	Vetoed the full crew railroad bill.
"I promise the enforcement of the law with equal severity and in equal justice to all—corporations and individuals."	Vetoed bills urged by state tax commission to compel corporations to pay their franchise taxes promptly and to authorize the tax board to equalize special franchise tax valuations.
"The conditions of transportation in New York city are a shame, and I purpose to find out the proper method of procedure and whether legislation or administrative action is necessary."	Vetoed Coney Island five cent fare bill, which would have saved the people of New York city $1,500,000 a year. Accomplished nothing to correct street car overcrowding.
"I shall devote myself with renewed zeal to the people's service. My administration shall be an unbossed administration."	Blocked in his efforts by the bosses of his party, Governor Hughes resigned in his second term to accept appointment to the United States supreme court.

Mr. Hughes is not the Republican party. He would be no more able to make good his promises as president than he was as governor of New York. If he were elected president he would be able to deliver only so much as the Republican bosses—the "crooks" denounced by Roosevelt in 1912—would permit him to deliver.

IF THE G. O. P. ELEPHANT COULD SPEAK THE TRUTH

Voters of the U. S. A.—

We, the Republican party, being at our wits' end and desperate, put it up to you:

For nearly four years now a Democratic administration has been in power. Contrary to every law of reason, every principle of progress, the country is at peace and alive—nay, humming with prosperity. Business is rushing. Wages are high. The only discontent is the discontent of those who are reaching for bigger chunks of plenty.

We are flabbergasted. All this has happened during a period when the rest of the world has been agog, when international crises were impending on all sides, when we would have sworn only Republican statesmanship could pull the nation through.

No war has engulfed us. No panic has paralyzed us. No nation has with impunity continued to infringe upon our rights.

We can't deny what has been done. All we can do is take our oath we could have done it better. How, we do not know. If only we said it loud and long enough we hoped the country would believe us.

But the country is busy, and our voices grow hoarse. We are having a hard time.

Woodrow Wilson has nothing to show us but what he has accomplished. He has none of the glamour of the what-might-be. We, on the contrary, have our old promises and policies, mellowed by age, but still bearing the stamp of the nation's solid interests. Protection, privilege, government by influence—surely the country has not given them their last trial.

Wall street is with us. Big business is with us. But, oh, voters, we confess it, we need you. Don't keep looking at the peace and prosperity around you. Try to get our point of view. Whatever Wilson has done, the man is a Democrat, and neither federal government nor federal offices were meant to be forever in such hands.

Let's forget issues and talk as friends. Turn him out and give us a chance!

PRAISES WILSON'S STAND IN BEHALF OF SUFFRAGE

The action of the National Woman Suffrage association at Atlantic City, N. J., in rejecting by an overwhelming vote the proposal to make the suffrage movement a partisan annex of the Republican campaign was further emphasized by Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, "the sage of suffrage," in an interview published in the Philadelphia Press, a stanch Republican organ.

"The president in his speech to the convention promised all he could carry out," said Dr. Shaw. "If he had promised more we would have known that he could not carry it out.

"Not the Republicans alone, nor the Democrats alone, can bring suffrage. If it could be done that way I would favor it. But it can't. We must get enough Democrats and Republicans together to do it."

FARMERS NEGLECTED BY THE REPUBLICANS

But Democrats Quickly Gave Them Rural Credits.

Don't forget, Mr. Farmer, that through your Farmers' National Congress, National Grange, National Farmers' Union, American Society of Equity and similar organizations you have for years demanded and have importuned Republican administrations for legislation you needed.

What did you get?

Through all the years since 1864 the Republican party was deaf and blind to the farmer's financial needs, this in the face of the fact that successful systems of rural credits were in operation throughout Europe for a century. When this great Democratic measure was put to a vote in the senate on May 4, 1916, only five Republicans dared vote against it! Three of them were on the subcommittee who wrote the Republican platform of 1916.

Was it because you were not Big Interests? You were, many of you, highly financed, and High Finance held the mortgage, and to that extent you belonged to High Finance. But you paid big interest to associate with Big Interests. A stack of wheat wasn't as good collateral as a sheaf of scraps of paper held by a stock gambler. Nor did the Political Bosses of the Republican party care to give you financial justice. They were too busy "protecting" themselves.

THE PROMISES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM OF 1912—written in courage and honesty and with sympathetic understanding of the needs of every honest American interest—HAVE BEEN KEPT!

The Republican party refused to do these things, which the prosperity of the American farmer required.

The Republican presidential candidate, Charles E. Hughes, denounces the Democratic party and President Wilson for having done these things.

Where does your interest lie?—[*From Farmers' Pamphlet Issued For Free Distribution by the Democratic National Committee.*]

BURLESON'S "THREE STRIKE."

That $5,200,000 Check Wins Opponent's Praise.

"The Democratic party seems to have enough capacity to run the postoffice department. Postmaster General Burleson has deposited a check for $5,200,000 with Secretary McAdoo, being the profits of the fiscal year 1916."

Sounds like a Democratic campaign orator, doesn't it?

But it isn't. It is the Philadelphia Public Ledger, a paper that is supporting Hughes, telling its host of readers about merely one of the deeds of the Wilson administration.

Continues the Ledger:

"The secretary of the treasury replies that his department has experienced the sensation of receiving a postal surplus only three times in eighty years, and those three times have been under the administration of President Wilson and Mr. Burleson. But we have no hope that this will satisfy Mr. Hughes. He will tell the next audience he gets hold of that the service is not nearly so good as it used to be when postmaster generals were Republicans and there was a deficit every year, the amount being something over $17,000,000."

SUFFRAGISTS CERTAIN OF [illegible]

[illegible]

WON BY W[illegible]

"I Have Come Here to Fight WITH You," He Tells National Convention. "Wilson Voted For Suffrage; Has Hughes?" Mrs. Graham of Idaho Asks.

Western women who have had the ballot equally with the men for several years resent the interference of one of the factions of suffragists and the attempt to turn the suffrage cause into an adjunct of the Republican party. They believe they know how to vote and they refuse to turn against the Democrats, who have done so much for their cause in their respective states.

This attitude is brought out clearly in an interview by Nixola Greeley-Smith, nationally prominent as a writer on the staff of the New York World, with Mrs. Alexander Thompson, Democratic national committeeman from Oregon, and Mrs. Theresa M. Graham of Coeur d'Alene, Ida.

"One would think," observed Mrs. Thompson to Miss Greeley-Smith, "that if any instruction in suffrage matters had to be given it would come from the women who have won the vote and do vote rather than from suffragists in the east, who are still disfranchised. I am a young woman, but I have been through three campaigns for the vote in Oregon. In the final campaign we won through the co-operation and help and belief in us of the men of Oregon.

Aided by Democrats.

"We have been voting only five years, and we are still grateful to our men. So when the Congressional Union sent speakers to Oregon to tell us to vote against all Democrats we laughed at them. Why, at the last election they campaigned against George E. Chamberlain, who introduced the first suffrage bill in Oregon and who had been the friend of the women all through their fifteen years' fight."

"I agree with every word that Mrs Thompson has spoken," declared Mrs Graham, proxy member of the notification committee from Idaho. "The conditions in my state are the same as in Oregon, except that we have had the vote for twenty years, and it was given to us without our having to fight for it. The Congressional Union has speakers in Idaho now urging us to slaughter the Democrats and free our sisters in the east. How silly that is! Are women in the east so foolish as to be led away by the mere declaration of a candidate, unsupported by his party, that he's personally in favor of a federal amendment?

"Woodrow Wilson voted for suffrage. Has Charles E. Hughes ever voted for suffrage? Wilson has done everything consistent with a belief in state rights, one of the fundamental principles of Democracy. Suffrage can never win as a partisan issue. Alienate the Democrats en masse and you have killed every chance suffrage has."

Won by Wilson's Speech.

It is admitted by suffragists that their cause has been helped greatly by the speech President Wilson made before the convention of the National Woman Suffrage association at Atlantic City on Sept. 8. When the president told them he had "come here to fight with you" the 4,000 suffragists gathered in Nixon's theater arose and cheered him enthusiastically.

This pledge by the president led Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the association, to say:

"You touched our hearts and won our loyalty when you said you had come here to fight with us."

"The astonishing thing about this movement," said President Wilson, "is not that it has grown [illegible] but that it has gro[illegible] I get a [illegible] the discussion [illegible] methods by which it is to [illegible] is going to prevail, and that it is a very superficial and ignorant view of it which attributes it to mere social unrest. It is not merely because the women are discontented; it is because the women have seen visions of duty, and that is something which we not only cannot resist, but if we be true Americans we do not wish to resist. * * *

"I have felt as I sat here tonight the wholesome contagion of the occasion. Almost every other time that I ever visited Atlantic City I came to fight somebody. I hardly know how to conduct myself when I have not come to fight anybody, but with somebody.

"I have come to suggest, among other things, that when the forces of nature are steadily working and the tide is rising to meet the moon you need not be afraid that it will not come to its flood. We feel the tide; we rejoice in the strength of it."

BURBANK OUT FOR WILSON, "THE GREATEST STATESMAN"

Announcing his support of President Wilson, Luther Burbank, the horticulturist wizard of California, said:

"I believe him to be the greatest statesman we have ever had."

Mr. Burbank, the Edison of scientific horticulture, declared that without reserve he indorsed the position announced a week earlier by Thomas A. Edison. Both Burbank and Edison have

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LUTHER BURBANK.

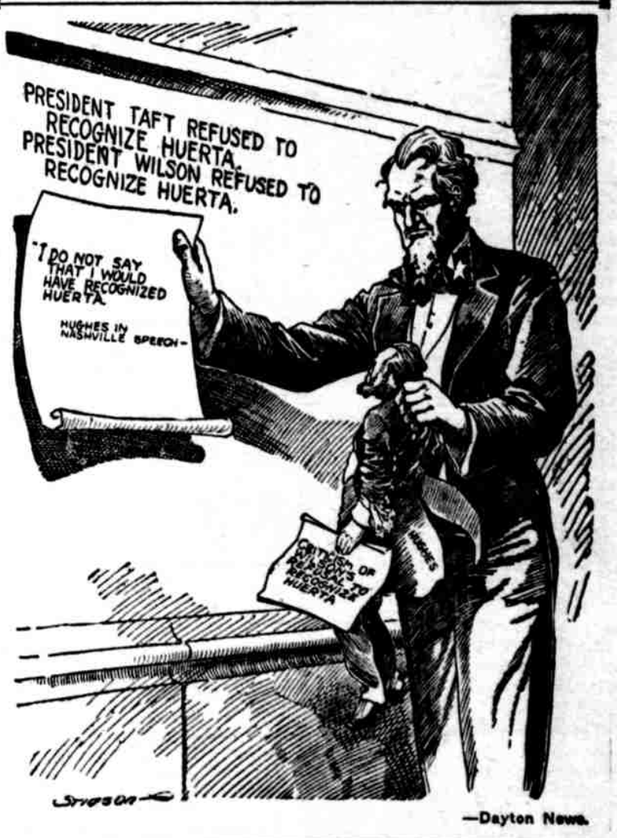
been lifelong Republicans. Edison put it this way:

"Times are too serious to talk in terms of Republicanism or Democracy. When it's America that is at stake men have got to vote as Americans. A fool or a coward would have had the United States in all sorts of trouble. As it is, we are at peace, the country was never more prosperous, and we have the strength that comes with honor and integrity of purpose."

Greatest Benefit to Farmers.

When congress passed the rural credits bill a few weeks ago it placed upon the statute books a measure of greater direct benefit to the farmers of the United States than any legislation enacted since the creation of the department of agriculture, now nearly a generation ago.—*The National Monthly.*

"What Would You Have Done? The People Have a Right to Know"



—Dayton News.

VOTE THE STRAIGHT

....DEMOCRATIC TICKET....

WHY WE WANT PRESIDENT WILSON

Good Reasons Given for the Reelection of a Great President

A TRUE PATRIOTIC AMERICAN

Deserving of the Full Confidence of Every American Citizen

1. Because he has kept the peace.

2. Because he has abolished invisible government, dispersed the corrupt lobby and restored the Government to the hands of the governed.

3. Because he prefers construction to destruction.

4. Because he has secured the reduction of the tariff, not upward but downward, to a competitive basis.

5. Because he has secured the adoption of a dumping clause to protect American labor, capital and business against the possibility of cut-throat competition when the European war is over.

6. Because he has secured the imposition of an income tax, obliging wealth to share with want the burdens as well as the blessings of the Government.

7. Because he has secured the establishment of a non-partisan tariff commission, so that hereafter the tariff may be revised, whether upward or downward, upon scientific principles and in the light of all the facts.

8. Because he has been a friend of legitimate business.

9. Because he has secured the establishment of a Federal Reserve system, dethroning the money trust, democratizing credit and reassuring the future against recurrence of banking and currency panics.

10. Because he has secured the establishment of a Federal Trade Commission to suppress unfair competition and to protect and promote honest business and to safeguard law abiding business men against needless and vexatious litigation.

11. Because he has effected the abolition of tying contracts, interlocked directorates and holding companies, the tap roots of monopoly.

12. Because he has been a friend of the farmer.

13. Because he has secured the establishment of a system of rural credits designed to emancipate and to enfranchise the farmer in the business world.

14. Because under his administration a system of licensed and bonded warehouses has been authorized which will assist to make the farmer a master of his own business and his own destiny.

15, Because under his administration measures have been passed looking to the establishment of official standards and grades of cotton and grain, thus safeguarding the market against manipulation.

16. Because he has approved a measure providing for the establishment of a system of highways, through State and Federal cooperation, which will, when completed, according to the estimate of experts, save the farmers more than one million dollars between the rising and setting of every day's sun.

17. Because he stands upon a platform which promises the prosecution of plans, "to make agriculture more profitable, and country life more healthful, comfortable and attractive."

18. Because he has been the friend of the wage earner.

19. Because he has approved a measure declaring that human labor shall not be dealt with as a mere commodity in the market place.

20. Because he has approved a measure abolishing the writ of injunction as an instrument of judicial tyranny, securing to labor the right to a trial by jury in cases of constructive contempt.

21. Because he has approved the Workingmen's Compensation Act making the United States a model employer and an example to all other employers.

22. Because he has approved the Seamen's Act, liberating the toilers of the sea from involuntary servitude, protecting them against imprisonment for debt and criminal prosecution for the mere breach of a civil contract.

23. Because he urged and signed the Eight-hour Act, which crystallized the enlightened judgment of mankind into the law of the land in accordance with the Progressive platform of 1912 and the Democratic platform of 1916, and in accordance with the matured conviction that the man who toils should be allowed to enjoy a fair share of the treasure and the leisure and the pleasure which should be the portion of civilized men in a civilized society.

24. Because he has said, "suffer little children to come out of the mines and the mills and the sweatshops."

25. Because he believes in the conservation of human resources as well as in the conservation of natural resources.

26. Because he has made the principles of social and industrial justice a reality rather than an ideal something more than a mere vision of unfulfilled desire.

27. Because by taking the American people into his confidence he has deserved the confidence of the American people.

28. Because by upholding and maintaining international law when great warring nations sought to disregard it, he has performed a monumental service to civilization and humanity and to future ages.

29 **Because he is a good man as well as a great President.**

WEDDING RECEPTION

Wednesday night, October 25th, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Morris gave a wedding reception in honor of their son, Ammon, and his wife, Jennie Kartchner Morris, who have recently returned from a visit to Utah.

At 8:00 o'clock, the guests assembled in the Amusement Hall at Layton and spent a most enjoyable evening in singing, reciting, step dancing, etc., after which dainty refreshments of cake, punch and apples were served.

The groom is one of Safford's most popular and promising young men, while the bride is one of Snowflake's most accomplished young ladies, both being highly respected by all who know them.

Their many friends join in wishing them long life and a pathway of sunshine and flowers.

Good Roads for Graham County

78,930 Voters in State of Arizona

There are 78,930 voters in the State of Arizona. According to figures given out at the office of Secretary of State Sidney P. Osborn, the voters of the State are divided between fourteen counties as follows:

Apache	1,315
Cochise	15,207
Coconino	2,985
Gila	8,162
Graham	3,192
Greenlee	3,211
Maricopa	18,259
Mohave	3,572
Navajo	2,414
Pima	6,445
Pinal	3,231
Santa Cruz	1,733
Yavapai	7,115
Yuma	3,189
Total	78,930

Do You Have Sour Stomach?

If you are troubled with sour stomach you should eat slowly and masticate your food thoroughly, then take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. Obtainable everywhere. adv-38-4t

Advertise in THE GUARDIAN

No. 40

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE

State School Land

STATE LAND DEPARTMENT
PHOENIX, ARIZONA,
October 20, 1916.

In conformity with the provisions of the Public Land Code of the State of Arizona, approved June 26, 1915, notice is hereby given that the State of Arizona will, on Thursday, January 4, 1917, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House, Safford, Arizona, sell at public auction the following school lands, together with the improvements thereon:

In Sec. 36, T. 6 S., R. 25 E.:

Beginning at a point S. 89°50' E. 33.00 ft. from the NW cor. Sec. 36, thence S. 89°50' E. 1971.73 ft., thence S. 17°53' W. 446.00 ft., thence S. 33°09' W. 997.00 ft., thence S. 34°53' W. 290.73 ft., thence S. 18°13' W. 297.53 ft., thence N. 60°19' W. 1184.01 ft., thence N. 00°05' W. 1200.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 55.313 acres more or less, appraised at $1382.83. Improvements, claimed by W. H. Spafford, appraised at $3765.12.

Beginning at a point S. 89°50' E. 2004.73 ft. from the NW cor. Sec. 36, thence S. 17°53' W. 446.00 ft., thence S. 35°09' W. 997.00 ft., thence S. 34°53' W. 290.73 ft., thence S. 18°13' W. 297.53 ft., thence S. 34°01' E. 769.31 ft., thence N. 36°00' E. 1520.00 ft., thence N. 00°29' W. 1187.00 ft., thence N. 89°50' W. 373.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 36.905 acres more or less, appraised at $922.63. Improvements, claimed by Hinton Mullenax, appraised at $1549.05.

Beginning at a point S. 89°50' E. 3069.89 ft. from the NW cor. Sec. 36, thence N. 39°50' W. 692.16 ft., thence S. 00°29' E. 1187.00 ft., thence S. 36°00' W. 1520.00 ft., thence S. 71°23' E. 749.34 ft., thence S. 00°29' E. 545.33 ft., thence N. 29°55' E. 266.96 ft., thence N. 46°48' W. 19.00 ft., thence N. 43°27' W. 200.00 ft., thence N. 24°10' W. 141.00 ft., thence N. 39°33' W. 56.35 ft., thence S. 84°17' W. 382.06 ft., thence N. 247.86 ft., thence E. 240.46 ft., thence N. 25°56' W. 169.91 ft., thence N. 2°19' W. 198.57 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 58.371 acres more or less, appraised at $1459.28. Improvements, claimed by Jerome Walker, appraised at $3436.10

Beginning at a point S. 79°49' W. 2136.93 ft. from the NE cor. Sec. 36, thence S. 25°56' E. 110.00 ft., thence S. 39°33' E. 143.65 ft., thence S. 84°17' W. 382.06 ft., thence N. 247.86 ft., thence E 240.46 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 2.457 acres more or less, appraised at $61.43. Improvements, claimed by School District No. 8, appraised at $770.00.

Beginning at a point S. 45°07' W. 1689.54 ft. from the NE cor. Sec. 36, thence N. 71°51' W. 349.54 ft., thence N. 46°48' W. 251.00 ft., thence S. 29°55' W. 2662.96 ft., thence S. 17°18' E. 341.45 ft., thence S. 74°03' E. 223.33 ft., thence S. 32°18' E. 336.55 ft., thence S. 22°06' E. 418.62 ft., thence N. 30°12' E. 2822.98 ft., thence N. 01°10' E. 1079.54 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 66.619 acres more or less, appraised at $1665.48. Improvements, claimed by Jas. T. Talley, appraised at $5422.78.

Beginning at a point North 2652 00 ft. from the SE cor. of the section, thence S. 87°54' W. 776.26 ft., thence S. 31°31' W. 1404.80 ft., thence S.00°28' W. 1425.94 ft., thence W. 344.00 ft., thence N. 29°04' W. 1086.12 ft., thence N. 30°12' E. 2322.98 ft., thence N., 01°10' E 1079.54 ft., thence S. 71°51' E. 341.46 ft., thence S. 48°41' E. 79.50 ft., thence S. 36°20' E. 382.00 ft., thence S. 24°48' E. 100.00 ft., thence S. 44°48' E. 179.00 ft., thence S. 65°21' E. 400.00 ft., thence S. 450.00 ft., thence S. 36°23' E. 103.35 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 64.993 acres more or less, appraised at $1624.83. Improvements, claimed by Wilford Peterson, appraised at $3576.45.

Beginning at the SE cor. of the section, thence West 1521.97 ft., thence N. 00°28' E. 1425.94 ft., thence N. 31°31' E. 1404.80 ft., thence N. 87°54' E. 776.26 ft., thence S. 2652.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 81.436 acres more or less, appraised at $2035.90. Improvements, claimed by George S. Skinner, appraised at $4320.90.

W ½ SW ¼ (less two rods for roadway on west side), containing 78 acres more or less, appraised at $608.00. Improvements, claimed by E. S. Carpenter, appraised at $587.50.

In Sec. 16, T. 7 S., R. 27 E.:

Beginning at a point N. 42°15' E. 3765.98 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 66°35' E. 288.50 ft., thence S. 30°24' E. 227.00 ft., thence S. 69°52' W. 266.50 ft., thence N. 4°08' W. 65.50 ft., thence N. 72°14' W. 51.00 ft., thence N. 41°12' W. 120.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 1.317 acres more or less, appraised at $40.00. Improvements, claimed by Augustine Franco, appraised at $211.00.

Beginning at a point N. 46°34' E. 2366.60 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 66°35' E. 175.50 ft., thence N. 29°25' W. 257.00 ft., thence S. 74°13' W. 80.90 ft., thence S. 9°00' E. 275.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.768 acres more or less, appraised at $30.00. Improvements, claimed by Manuel Quiroz, appraised at $78.60.

Beginning at a point N. 48°19' E. 3674.46 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 59°39' E. 190.50 ft., thence N. 1°14' E. 171.80 ft., thence S. 69°52' W. 266.50 ft., thence S. 24°47' E. 191.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.903 acres more or less, appraised at $35.00. Improvements, claimed by Julian Chavez, appraised at $139.40.

Beginning at a point N. 50°27' E. 4791.27 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 43°40' E. 705.31 ft., thence N. 27°04' E. 203.00 ft., thence N. 46°51' W. 2096.60 ft., thence S. 85°44' W. 1261.87 ft., thence S. 47°24' E. 3000.26 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 53.992 acres more or less, appraised at $2009.68. Improvements, claimed by Ynosente Bartoldo, appraised at $5377.19.

Beginning at a point N. 31°38' E. 2183.00 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 26°02' W. 63.00 ft., thence N. 25°04' W. 71.30 ft., thence N. 63°46' E. 66.30 ft., thence N. 74°05' E. 64.50 ft., thence S. 20°04' E. 149.40 ft., thence S. 76°42' W. 115.30 ft., to the place of beginning, containing 0.408 acres more or less. Also beginning at a point N. 33°06' E. 2140.23 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 20°04' W. 38.00 ft., thence N. 76°21' E. 114.20 ft., thence S. 20°04' E. 48.40 ft., thence S. 81°28' W. 115.82 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.179 acres more or less. These two tracts are appraised at $35.00. Improvements, claimed by Raphael Garcia, appraised at $405.50.

Beginning at a point N. 47°22' E. 3398.47 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 80°55' E. 143.80 ft., thence N. 31°17' E. 107.90 ft., thence N. 43°00' W. 43.90 ft., thence S. 84°53' W. 24.00 ft., thence S. 84°53' W. 180 ft., thence S. 15°12' E. 133.52 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.614 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Jacinto Hinijos, appraised at $171.00.

Beginning at a point N. 48°55' E. 5983.50 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence S. 50°20' E. 148.00 ft., thence N. 37°16' E. 116.60 ft., thence N. 48°31' W. 119.00 ft., thence S. 38°58' W. 122.67 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.363 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Nasario Montes, appraised at $80.00.

Beginning at a point N. 50°13' E. 6821.85 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 81°17' E. 51.33 ft., thence N. 6°10' W. 140.08 ft., thence S. 45°43' W. 138.80 ft., thence S. 51°50' E. 81.50 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.211 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Juan Trujillo, appraised at $42.80.

Beginning at a point N. 49°14' E. 5781.15 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence S. 52°24' E. 196.00 ft., thence N. 37°50' E. 134.00 ft., thence N. 63°45' W. 212.00 ft., thence S. 30°37' W. 92.95 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.527 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Luis Padilla, appraised at $145.60.

Beginning at a point N. 53°32' E. 5196.86 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence S. 63°44' E. 184.00 ft., thence N. 38°10' E. 207.00 ft., thence N. 65°58' W. 186.77 ft., thence S. 37°04' W. 215.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.884 acres more or less, appraised at $30.00. Improvements, claimed by Epiminis Soto, appraised at $334.35.

Beginning at a point North 1321.50 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 564.00 ft., thence S. 52°36' E. 360.00 ft., thence S. 27°17' E. 365.30 ft., thence S. 87°21' W. 453.90 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 3.078 acres more or less, appraised at $123.12. Improvements, claimed by Tomas Garcia, appraised at $746.25.

Beginning at a point N. 2°48' E. 764.79 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence North 281.80 ft., thence S. 78°16' E. 253.20 ft., thence S. 58°43' W. 404.65 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 1.118 acres more or less, appraised at $44.72. Improvements, claimed by David Montes, appraised at $526.50.

Beginning at a point N. 39°24' E. 2428.60 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 24°50' W. 297.00 ft., thence N. 64°51' E. 125.00 ft., thence S. 26°53' E. 294.00 ft., thence S. 63°32' W. 135.57 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.904 acres more or less, appraised at $45.00. Improvements, claimed by Valentina Rios, appraised at $245.00.

Beginning at a point N. 43°48' E. 3257.16 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence S. 78°35' E. 251.22 ft., thence N. 15°12' W. 133.52 ft., thence N. 81°37' W. 100.16 ft., thence N. 4°35' W. 125.00 ft., thence S. 78°00' W. 84.40 ft., thence S. 14°29' E. 133.00 ft., thence S. 36°18' W. 89.30 ft., to the place of beginning, containing 0.923 acres more or less, appraised at $10.00. Improvements, claimed by Sconovia Estevan, appraised at $109.00.

Beginning at a point N. 38°42' E. 2715.32 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 24°33' W. 148.80 ft., thence N. 68°58' E. 136.60 ft., thence S. 24°33' E. 136.00 ft., thence S. 63°56' W. 136.40 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.444 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Francisco Montes, appraised at $144.80.

Beginning at a point N. 42°47' E. 2775.90 ft. from the SW cor. of Section 16, thence N. 24°33' W. 292.00 ft., thence N. 68°58' E. 127.40 ft., thence S. 24°33' E. 162.00 ft., thence N 65°27' E 219.00 ft., thence S 27°44' E 144.00 ft., thence N 71°28' E 243.70 ft., thence S 21°34' E 145.00 ft., thence S 83°46' W 620.40 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 2.578 acres more or less, appraised at $85.00. Improvements, claimed by Modesta Luna, appraised at $164.00.

Beginning at a point N. 42°09' E 2639.88 ft from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 24°33' E 178.00 ft., thence N 63°56' E 136.40 ft., thence S 24°33' E 156.00 ft, thence S 54°49' W 138.72 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.518 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Mauricio Mejia, appraised at $322.50.

Beginning at a point N 41°33' E 2941.20 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N 65°27' E 219.00 ft., thence S 27°44' E 144.00 ft., thence N 71°28' E 243.72 ft., thence N 67°05' W 250.00 ft., thence N 71°46' W 214.00 ft., thence N 61°21' W 143.68 ft., thence S 24°33' E 150.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 1.339 acres more or less, appraised at $45.00. Improvements, claimed by Euginio Gonzales, appraised at $172.15.

Beginning at a point N 40°38' E 2558.40 ft., from the SW cor. of the section, thence N. 26°53' W 294.00 ft., thence N 63°02' E 120.00 ft., thence S 24°33' E 326.00 ft., thence S 79°35' W 111.30 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.816 acres more or less, appraised at $45.00. Improvements, claimed by Sesario Alvillar, appraised at $646.75.

Beginning at a point N 13°07' E 1806.00 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence S. 41°08' E 175.92 ft., thence N 86°57' E 86.55 ft., thence N 65°36' E 316.74 ft., thence N 25°40' W 167.50 ft., thence N 71°29' W 21.30 ft., thence S 65°01' W 399.00 ft., thence N 77°46' W 37.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 1.671 acres more or less, appraised at $83.55. Improvements, claimed by Jesus Montes, appraised at $643 30.

Beginning at a point N 27°15' E 1966.03 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 65°39' E 269.00 feet, thence N 26°02' W 63.00 feet, thence N 25°04' W 71.30 feet, thence N 63°46' E 66.30 feet, thence N 26°14' W 66.00 feet, thence N 68°55' E 312.60 feet, thence N 24°50' W 500.00 feet, thence N 53°04' E 77.00 feet, thence N 74°29' E 207.40 feet, thence N 14°29' E 483.50 feet, thence N 48°03' W 1982.00 feet, thence S 52°37' W 36.00 feet, thence S 16°18' E 2699.70 feet, thence S 6°27' E 16.20 feet, thence S 25°40' E 167.50 feet to the place of beginning, containing 39.771 acres more or less, appraised at $1590.84. Improvements, claimed by Casimero Garcia, appraised at $8237.72.

Beginning at a point N 50°50' E 2910.42 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 58°13' E 296.00 feet, thence N 20°03' W 97.70 feet, thence S 73°11' W 281.77 feet, thence S 17°15' E 174.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 0.887 acres more or less, appraised at $30.00. Improvements, claimed by Presiliano Quiroz, appraised at $206.00.

Beginning at a point N 48°39' E 6137.71 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 45°09' E 235.40 feet, thence N 26°45' E 106.15 feet, thence N 23°55' E 153.94 feet, thence N 32°39' E 221.78 feet, thence N 72°35' W 194.00 feet, thence S 30°58' W 332.92 feet, thence S 5°25' W 361.88 feet to the place of beginning, containing 2.391 acres more or less. Also, beginning at a point N 48°45' E 6657.76 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 57°11' E 376.02 feet, thence N 46°58' W 156.00 feet, thence S 31°26' W 402.40 feet, thence S 56°39' E 114.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 1.197 acres more or less. These two tracts are appraised at $130 88. Improvements, claimed by Rosalie Olguin, appraised at $493.70.

Beginning at a point N 36°18' E 1773.43 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence S 86°37' E 172.09 feet, thence N 6°41' E 192.50 feet, thence N 86°07' W 172.00 feet, thence S 6°41' W 194.00 feet, to the place of beginning, containing 0.620 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Benigno Guerra, appraised at $147.20.

Beginning at a point N 57°39' E 3530.03 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 81°00' E 209.00 feet, thence N 2°18' W 104.29 feet, thence S 78°10' W 229.60 feet, thence S 12°20' E 92.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 0.493 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Ramon Venabides, appraised at $102.50.

Beginning at a point N 45°26' E 3460.35 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 84°53' E 180.00 feet, thence N 21°55' W 225.00 feet, thence S 67°16' W 126.00 feet, thence S 6°48' E 177.34 feet to the place of beginning, containing 0.691 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Miguel Butiares, appraised at $118.50.

Beginning at a point N 41°33' E 3438.46 ft., from the SW cor. of the section, thence N 68°50' E 187.02 ft., thence N 12°40' W 133.76 ft., thence S 77°17' W 190.08 ft., thence S 14°29' E 161.33 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.636 acres more or less, appraised at $40.00. Improvements, claimed by Santa Cruz Gonzales, appraised at $21.75.

Beginning at a point N 45°21' E 7117.83 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N 43°27' E 289.94 ft., thence W 344.50 ft, thence S 34°35' E 255.67 ft., to the place of beginning, containing 0.833 acres more or less, appraised at $33.32. Improvements, claimed by H. C. Usher, appraised at $76.25.

Beginning at a point N 44°04' E 3402.20 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence S 81°37' E 100.16 ft., thence N 6°48' W 177.34 ft., thence S 67°16' W 95.50 ft., thence S 4°35' E 125.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.310 acres more or less, appraised at $10.00. Improvements, claimed by Catrina Chavez, appraised at $78.35.

Beginning at a point N 48°09' E 7026.25 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N 40°58' E 56.50 ft., thence N 45°19' W 156.00 ft., thence S 40°11' W 61.00 ft., thence S 46°58' E 156.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.212 acres more or less, appraised at $10.00. Improvements, claimed by Francisco Ramirez, appraised at $100.60.

Beginning at a point N 45°40' E 672.83 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence S 72°35' E 194.00 ft., thence N 30°30' E 264.96 ft., thence N 36°27' E 174.00 ft., thence S 34°53' W 378.13 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 1.290 acres more or less. Also, beginning at a point N 45°21' E 7117.83 ft. from the SW cor. of the section, thence N 43°27' E 182.00 ft., thence S 56°33' E 40.00 ft., thence S 13°22' W 156.31 ft., thence S 25°55' W 83.00 ft., thence N 36°27' W 145.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.427 acres more or less. These two tracts are appraised at $68.68. Improvements, claimed by Felix Barrera, appraised at $46.50.

Beginning at a point N 50°30' E 2727.65 ft., from the SW cor. of the section, thence N 55°42' E 183.70 ft., thence N 17°15' W 108.00 ft., thence S 62°50' W 217.88 ft., thence S 34°40' E 130.30 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.541 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Jesus Rios, appraised at $144.25.

Beginning at a point N 57°33' E 3776.65 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 74°06' E 120.00 feet, thence N 36°23' W 120.72 feet, thence S 62°30' W 55.00 feet, thence S 2°45' E 104.20 feet to the place of beginning, containing 0.209 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Geronimo Mejia, appraised at $66.00.

Beginning at a point N 39°50' E 3155.05 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence S 72°53' E 244.30 feet, thence N 36°18' E 89.30 feet, thence N 14°29' W 133.00 feet, thence S 63°01' W 284.00 feet, to the place of beginning, containing 0.661 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Santa Cruz Gonzales, appraised at $79.50.

Beginning at a point N 48°48' E 5683.09 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 27°04' E 84.00 feet, thence N 28°45' E 681.04 feet, thence N 30°58' E 332 92 feet, thence N 34°53' E 378.13 feet, thence N 38°51' W 257.13 feet, thence S 89°05' W 2122.82 feet, thence S 46°51' E 2096.60 feet to the place of beginning, containing 39.332 acres more or less, appraised at $1572.88. Improvements, claimed by Fannie Bailey, appraised at $5542.15.

Beginning at a point N 47°56' E 2531.96 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 80°24' E 228.30 feet, thence N 34°40' W 130.30 feet, thence N 62°50' E 217.88 feet, and thence N 17°15' W 66.00 feet, thence S 79°28' W 459.23 feet, thence S 29°25' E 257.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 1.744 acres more or less, appraised at $45.00. Improvements, by Severo Rios, appraised at $239.50.

Beginning at a point N 58°23' E 3326.74 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 58°32' E 100.10 feet, thence N 35°13' W 229.20 feet, thence S 63°17' W 69.50 ft., thence S 27°36' E 235.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 0.457 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Rufino Relles, appraised at $202.00.

Beginning at a point N 43°07' E 2035.94 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 66°35' E 207.65 feet, thence N 24°55' W 282.00 feet, thence S 81°16' W 114.26 feet, thence S 7°20' E 322.90 feet to the place of beginning, containing 1.109 acres more or less, appraised at $35.00. Improvements, claimed by Eminio Chavez, appraised at $83.50.

Beginning at a point N 45°16' E 2228.66 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 66°35' E 148.70 feet, thence N 9°00' W 275.00 feet, thence S 72°59' W 225.08 feet, thence S 24°55' E 282.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 1.180 acres more or less, appraised at $35.00. Improvements, claimed by Jose Angel Hernandez, appraised at $279.50.

Beginning at a point N 39°44' E 3205.67 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 18°58' W 78.50 feet, thence N 3°37' E 100.00 feet, thence N 57°20' E 121.30 feet, thence N 77° 11' E 114.07 feet, thence S 14°29' E 161.33 feet, thence S 65° 00' W 255.62 feet to the place of beginning, containing 1.009 acres more or less, appraised at $25.00. Improvements, claimed by Hinijos Domingo, appraised at $85.80.

Beginning at a point N 35°40' E 2263.18 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 23°40' W 234.70 feet, thence N 64°08' E 210.00 feet, thence S 24°50' E 297 00 feet, thence S 80°17' W 224.97 feet to the place of beginning, containing 1.013 acres more or less, appraised at $60.00. Improvements, claimed by Sisto Garcia, appraised at $526.60.

Beginning at a point N 35°44' E 2821.68 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 65°34' E 432.00 feet, thence N 18°58' W 78.50 feet, thence N 3°27' E 100.00 feet, thence N 57°20' E 121.30 feet, thence N 77°17' E 407.50 feet, thence N 48°23' W 2500.00 feet, thence N 36°58' W 169.00 ft., thence S 61°54' W 60.00 feet, thence N 46°33' W 217.00 feet, thence S 52°37' W 302.83 feet, thence S 48°03' E 1982.00 feet, thence S 14°29' W 483.00 feet, thence S 23°34' E 488.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 28.714 acres more or less, appraised at $1148.56. Improvements, claimed by Sesario Alvillar, appraised at $1295.30.

Beginning at a point N 49°45' E 3710.55 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence S 47°30' E 103.00 feet, thence N 38°38' E 75.20 feet, thence N 47°30' W 103.00 feet, thence S 38°38' W 75.20 feet to the place of beginning, containing 0.177 acres more or less, appraised at $10.00. Improvements, claimed by Fralien Ruiz, appraised at $66.60.

Beginning at a point N 49°12' E 4458.46 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 79°48' E 159.60 feet, thence N 55°41' E 199.00 feet, thence N 47°24' W 3000.26 feet, thence S 60°10' W 344.30 feet, thence S 47°32' E 2963.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 22.347 acres more or less, appraised at $893.88. Improvements, claimed by Severo Bartoldo, appraised at $2486.82.

Beginning at a point N 42°15' E 3765.98 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 66°35' E 288.50 feet, thence S 30°24' E 102.00 feet, thence N 79°34' E 532.73 feet, thence N 47°32' W 2963.00 feet, thence S 62°17' W 709.55 feet, thence S 36°58' E 169.00 feet, thence S 48°23' E 2500.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 42.024 acres more or less, appraised at $1680.96. Improvements, claimed by Jesus Montes, appraised at $4329.75.

Beginning at a point N 32°49' E 2590.95 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 24°50' W 505.30 feet, thence N 53°04' E 77.00 feet, thence N 74°49' E 207 40 feet, thence S 23°34' E 488.00 feet, thence S 65°10' W 269.17 feet to the place of beginning, containing 3.254 acres more or less, appraised at $162.70. Improvements, claimed by Conception and Ramona Mejia, appraised at $1411.90.

Beginning at a point N 13°07' E 1806.00 feet from the SW corner of the section, thence N 25°17' W 525.70 feet, thence S 72°13 W 194.37 feet, thence N 2345.22 feet, thence E 67.87 feet, thence S 16°18' E 2699.70 feet, thence S 6°27' E 16.20 feet, thence N 71°29' W 21.30 feet, thence 65°01' W 399.00 feet, thence N 77°46' W 37.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 27.010 acres more or less, appraised at $1080.40. Improvements, claimed by Tomas Garcia, appraised at $2549.85.

In Sec. 16, T. 7 S., R. 26 E.:

Beginning at a point S 2616.20 feet, and N 89°57' 33 feet from the NW corner of the section, thence N 89°57' E 927.00 feet, thence North 1284.71 feet, thence S 89°41' W 927.00 feet, thence South 1280.40 feet to the place of beginning, containing 27.289 acres more or less, appraised at $1637.34. Improvements, claimed by Eugene Evans, appraised at $2115.62.

Beginning at a point South 2616.20 feet and N 89°57' E 960.00 feet from the NW corner of the section, thence N 89°57' E 1151.24 feet, thence N 1°30' W 539.51 feet, thence N 44°51' W 1053.04 feet, thence S 89°41' W 394.54 feet, thence South 1284.71 feet, to the place of beginning, containing 27.284 acres more or less, appraised at $1637.04. Improvements, claimed by Lawrence Fuller, appraised at $1845.65.

Beginning at a point 33 feet South and 3404.04 feet S 89°55' E from the NW corner of the section, thence S 00°52' W 1610.70 feet, thence N 89°57' E 524.00 feet, thence S 00°52' W 975.00 feet, thence N 89°57' E 647.14 feet, thence N 00°26' E 2572.76 feet, thence N 89°55' W 1151.71 feet to the place of beginning, containing 58.96 acres more or less, appraised at $3242.80. Improvements, claimed by Francisco Castro, appraised at $3278.85.

No bid for less than the appraised valuations will be considered. Rental arrears, if any, together with such interest as may be due thereon must be liquidated in accordance with the requirements of the Public Land Code. Full information concerning the land, improvements and sale conditions may be obtained from the State Land Department, Phoenix, Arizona.

STATE LAND DEPARTMENT,
By W. A. MOEUR, Commissioner.
First publication, Oct 27, 1916.
Last publication, Dec. 29, 1916.

ONLY REAL WILD ANIMAL SHOW ON EARTH

Al. G. BARNES

BIG 4 RING WILD ANIMAL

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THE SHOW THAT'S DIFFERENT

600 Performing Animals 600 | 65 Big Sensational Animal Acts 65

Performing Jungle-Bred Lions, Tigers, Leopards, Jaguars, Grizzly, Cinnamon, Siberian and Polar Bears, Seals, Sea Lions, Elephants, Camels, Zebras, Zubas, Hyenas, Sacred Cattle, Kangaroos, Ourang-Outangs, Apes, Chimpanzees, Monkeys, Mountain Goats, Dogs, Ponies, Pigs, Etc.

SEE

The World's Only Performing Llamas.
Tom, Dick and Harry—Horse-Riding Seals.
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Performing Persian Leopards ond Jaguars.
Tom, Jerry and Louie—Horse-Riding Lions.
The World's Only Educated Zebras.
The High Diving Dogs and Monkeys.
Danger, Dynamite, Cactus and Gun Powder—Just Mules.
The Only Performing Camels in the World—Including

Holy Moses, Sacred Arabian Black Camel

The High School and Tango Dancing Horses.
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The Riding, Driving, Racing Ostriches.
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The World's Only Groupe of Performing Bengal Tigers.
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30 FULL GROWN AFRICAN LIONS 30
World's Challenge Groupe In One Act
Value, $50,000

SAMPSON AERIAL LION, rides in balloon, surrounded by shooting Skyrockets. The most amazing wild animal act extant.

550 High School, Riding, Dancing and Military HORSES AND PONIES 550
World's Premium Stock. Everyone an Actor

40 Animal Clowns---550 People---6 Concert Bands
150 Animal Trainers—Two Big Special Trains—Three Calliopes

Glittering Mile-Long Street Parade at 10:30 A. M.
One Performance Only, 2:00 P. M. Doors Open at 1:00 O'clock.

SEE THE FREE TO EVERYBODY ACTS
on the show grounds at 1:00 o'clock. You'll have time after the parade to get dinner and then to the show grounds in ample time for the big free features.

WILL EXHIBIT AT

SAFFORD

ONE PERFORMANCE ONLY--2:00 P. M.

Wednesday, Nov. 8

Remember the Day and Date--Mark It On Your Calendar

The Gila Valley Bank & Trust Co.

CAPITAL - $100,000.00
SURPLUS - $100,000.00

Morenci, Clifton, Globe, Miami, Hayden, Winkleman, Ray, Safford, Arizona

4 per cent Paid on Time Deposits

BELLE FLOUR

THE BEST FLOUR FOR ALL FAMILY PURPOSES

Made From Gila Valley Wheat

ORDER A SACK FROM YOUR DEALER TODAY

Gila Valley Milling Co.

SAFFORD, ARIZONA

Electric Rates

GILA VALLEY ELECTRIC, GAS AND WATER CO.
SAFFORD, ARIZONA

Lighting Rates

For a monthly consumption of 6.66 KWH or less.....$1.00
All in excess of 6.66 KWH consumed in one month.....$ .15 per KWH

Electric current for electric irons, electric fans and other electric appliances, if taken from the lighting circuit, will be charged for at the lighting rates. However, a consumer may avail himself of a cheaper rate by installing, at his own expense, a separate circuit and meter, in which case the following rates will apply:

Power Rates

For the first 100 KWH consumed in any one month	$.10	per KWH
For the next 100 KWH consumed in any one month	.08	per KWH
For the next 250 KWH consumed in any one month	.07	per KWH
For the next 250 KWH consumed in any one month	.06	per KWH
For the next 300 KWH consumed in any one month	.04	per KWH
All in excee of 1,000 KWH consumed in any one month	.03½	per KWH

New Stock of Selz and Sunflower Shoes

Heavy Shirts, 50c Double Breasted Shirts, 60c
Fancy Shirts, 65c and up

New Line General Merchandise and Groceries

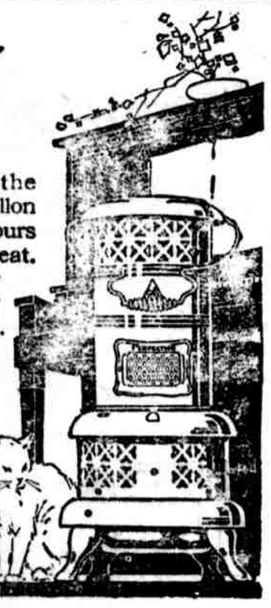
A little of nearly everything at lowest price

P. J. Jacobson's Cash Store, Safford

For every home

A good oil heater chases the chill from cold corners. A gallon of PEARL OIL gives nine hours of cheery, odorless, intense heat. In blue or white enamel or plain black—harmonizing with the finest surroundings.

Prices: $3.75 to $7.75



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For best results use PEARL OIL

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STATE LAND

Applications to select, lease and purchase State Land promptly handled. Contests conducted. Forest Reserve matters adjusted. Mineral Land patented.

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NOLL BUILDING
PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Don't Neglect Your Cold

Neglected colds get worse instead of better. A stuffed head, a tight chest must be relieved at once. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is natuer's remedy. Honey and glycerine heal the irritated membrane, antiseptic tar loosens the phlegm, you breathe easier and your cold is broken up. Pleasant to take. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is an ideal remedy for children as well as grown-ups. At your druggist, 25c. no1

THE GUARDIAN *FOR FINE BOOK AND JOB* **PRINTING**

ST. JOSEPH STAKE

Meetings and Appointments for the Month of November

Ward Conference Appointments

November 5th—

Stake Presidency—Fairview, Redland and Emery.

Religion Class—Eden, Bryce and Hubbard.

Mutuals—Graham, Lebanon and Layton.

Genealogical Society — Thatcher, Central and Pima.

November 19th—

Stake Presidency—Eden, Bryce and Hubbard.

Religion Class—Graham, Lebanon and Layton.

Mutuals—Thatcher, Central and Pima.

Genealogical Society — Fairview, Redland and Emery.

Program for Ward Conferences: Visitors meet with Sunday School in the Parents' Class and there take up either the parents' or any special matters relevant thereto.

Ward Officers and Priesthood meeting, at 1:00 p. m.

Conference meeting, at 2:00 p. m. Small wards luncheon at meeting house.

High Council meeting, Sunday, November 12th, at 11:00 a. m.

Stake Officer's meeting, Sunday, November 12th, at 2:00 p. m.

Quarterly conference at Thatcher, November 25th and 26th.

Everybody is invited to attend these meetings and all wards and branches should have representatives present.

Stake Priesthood meeting will be omitted on account of conference.

Program for Religion Class Ward Conferences

1. Regular ward opening exercises.
2. Sustaining of officers.
3. Report by Ward Principal on following points:
   (a) Attendance.
   (b) Lesson work.
   (c) Outdoor work.
   (d) Regularity of holding classes.
4. Talk—"Value of Early Religious Habits," by Member of Stake Board.
   Memory Gem: "That which we persist in doing becomes easy; not because the nature of the thing has changed, but because our ability to do has increased."
5. Song—"Sowing," 37, S. S. Book.
6. Talk—"Be Ye Clean," by Member of Stake Board.
   Memory Gem: "Create in me a clean heart, O Lord, and renew a right spirit within me."
7. Remarks by Bishop.
8. Closing Song, "Angry Words," 67, S. S. Book.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

(Continued from Last Week)

After having canvassed the returns of said primary election in the form and manner heretofore described, upon motion duly put and carried, the following named persons are hereby declared nominated on the several tickets above set forth as candidates in the general election to be held November 7, 1916, as follows:

Democratic Ticket

State Senator.....D H Claridge
State Representatives.....Jos H Lines, A C Peterson
Sheriff.....R F McBride
Supervisor, District No. 1...J T Owens
Supervisor, District No. 2...W A Lines
Recorder.....C O Larson
Treasurer.....C T Reynolds
County Attorney.....E L Spriggs
Assessor.....Robert Morris
County School Superintendent.....D Dudley Jones
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 1.....J H Bingham, Jos A Phillips, John F Weber
Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 1.....U I Paxton
Constable, Prect. No. 1...O B Lancaster
Justice of Peace, Precinct No 5.....W E Clark
Constable, Prect. No. 5...J P Gillespie
Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 6.....Grover B Maloy
Constable, Prect. No. 6...John H Beal
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 7.....W C Myers
Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 7.....H L Colvin
Constable, Prect. No. 7...Sam H Hinton
Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 8.....F E Welsh
Constable, Prect. No. 8.....H M Estes
Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 12.....D D Phillips
Constable, Prect. No. 12....O M Allen
Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 13.....W W Hawkins
Constable, Prect. No. 13...Henry Plumb
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 15.....Wm Bigler
Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 15.....S P Jenkins
Constable, Prect. No. 15.....B F Cluff
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 16.....Chas N Rose

Republican Ticket

State Senator.....W R Chambers
State Representative...Miles L Woods
Sheriff.....B F Stewart
Supervisor, District No. 1.....J R Welker
Supervisor, District No. 2.....Frank A Webster
Treasurer.....James A Duke
Assessor.....J Myron Allred
County School Superintendent.....S C Heywood
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 1.....John Bilby
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 4.....H C Usher
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 6.....John Mattice
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 7.....W O Tuttle
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 9.....J F Greenwood
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 12.....Ed Claridge
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 13.....W J Markham
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 15.....Oscar F Webster
Precinct Committeeman, Precinct No. 17.....Heber Bryce
Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 7.....Jasper Stacey
Constable, Precinct No. 7.....J H McMurren
Constable, Precinct No. 8.....F M Woods

Socialist Ticket

State Senator.....Lorenzo Watson
State Representatives.....S J Curtis, S O Williams
Sheriff.....John West
Supervisor, District No. 1...A T West
Supervisor, District No. 2...C F Watson
Recorder.....Owen Thorpe
Treasurer.....Robert Allen Smith
County Attorney.....Lee N Stratton
Assessor.....Walter Williams
County School Superintendent.....Mrs. Mabel Curtis
Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 6.....C D Haynie
Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 7.....Joe Elmer
Constable, Precinct No. 7.....Wm Bollinger

The clerk of this board is hereby ordered to issue certificates of nomination to the above named nominees of the several political parties, as provided for in Paragraph 3025, of Chapter 12, Title 12, Revised Statutes of Arizona, 1913, and the clerk is further ordered to certify to the Secretary of State of Arizona the result of the above mentioned primary election as pertains to State candidates.

The work of canvassing of said primary election being completed, the board adjourned sine die.

GEO. A. FOOTE,
Chairman, Board of Supervisors.
Attest:
MARTIN LAYTON,
Clerk, Board of Supervisors.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, COUNTY OF GRAHAM, STATE OF ARIZONA, } SS.:

SAFFORD, ARIZONA,
September 30, 1916.

The Board of Supervisors met in special session at 2:00 o'clock p. m., the following members being present:

Geo. A. Foote, Chairman; Geo. A. Matthews, Member; James Quinn, Member; Martin Layton, Clerk.

The resignation of John McGowan, county attorney, was presented to the board, the same to take effect at the close of the day on September 30, 1916, and on motion duly put and carried, the said resignation was accepted by a unanimous vote of the said board.

A sufficient legal petition and application to fill the vacancy caused by John McGowan's resignation as county attorney, being on file in favor of E. L. Spriggs, and on motion duly put and carried, the board, by a unanimous vote, appointed E. L. Spriggs to act as county attorney for the balance of the unexpired term of the present county attorney, John McGowan, the said appointment to take effect on the morning of the first day of October, 1916.

GEO. A. FOOTE,
Chairman, Board of Supervisors.
Attest:
MARTIN LAYTON,
Clerk, Board of Supervisors.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF THE MT. GRAHAM LAND AND CATTLE CO.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

That we, the undersigned, have this day associated ourselves together for the purpose of forming and organizing a corporation under the laws of the State of Arizona, and for that purpose hereby adopt the following Articles of Incorporation:

Article I

The names, residences and postoffice addresses of the incorporators of this corporation are as follows: B. F. Baker, whose postoffice address is Globe, Arizona, and H. S. Clyne, whose postoffice address is Globe, Arizona.

The name of this corporation is the Mt. Graham Land and Cattle Co., and its principal place of transacting business in Arizona is at the City of Pima, Graham County, Arizona. Offices may be established, business transacted and meetings of stockholders and directors held at such places in or outside of Arizona as the by-laws of the company may provide

Article II

The general nature of the business proposed to be transacted by the corporation is as follows: to purchase, raise, breed and otherwise acquire and to deal in all kinds of live stock; to conduct a general live stock and cattle business and a general wholesale and retail butcher business; to purchase and otherwise acquire, to rent, lease, own, hold, control and improve, and to sell, mortgage and otherwise dispose of property of every kind, either real or personal, and wheresoever situated; to receive, hold, sell, transfer franchises, easements, and incorporeal hereditaments; to acquire, hold, sell, transfer, pledge and otherwise dispose of shares of stock and evidences of indebtedness issued or created by this or any other corporation, and while such holder exercise all the right of ownership thereof, including the right to vote stock of any other corporation; to do any and everything necessary, suitable, proper or expedient for the accomplishment of all or any of the purposes and objects hereinbefore enumerated.

Article III

The amount of authorized capital stock of the corporation is One Hundred Thousand ($100,000.00) Dollars, divided into One Hundred Thousand (100,000) shares, of the par value of One ($1.00) Dollar each, which shall be paid at such times as the Board of Directors may designate, in cash, real or personal property, services, leases, options to purchase or any other valuable right or thing for the uses and purposes of the corporation, and all shares of capital stock, when issued in exchange therefor shall thereupon and thereby become and be fully paid the same as though paid for in cash at par and shall be non-assessable forever, and the judgment of the directors as to the value of any property, right or thing acquired in exchange for capital stock shall be conclusive.

Article IV

The time of the commencement of the corporation shall be the day these Articles of Incorporation are filed in accordance with the law, and the termination thereof shall be Twenty-five (25) years thereafter with the privilege of renewal and the right of perpetual succession now provided by law.

Article V

The affairs of the corporation shall be conducted by a board of not less than Three nor more than Five directors by whom a President and Vice President shall be elected and a Secretary and Treasurer appointed. The directors shall be elected by and from among the stockholders at the annual meeting thereof on the Second Monday in February of each year. Until their successors are elected and qualified the following named persons shall be the directors: B. F. Baker, H. S. Clyne and Frederic A. Shaffer.

Article VI

The directors shall adopt by-laws for the government of the corporation and may amend the same. They shall have power to fill vacancies appearing in the board from any cause and to appoint from among their number an executive committee, which, to the extent provided by resolution or by the said by-laws, shall have and exercise the power granted the directors by these Articles.

Article VII

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability, direct or contingent to which the corporation is at any time to subject itself is the sum of Sixty Thousand ($60,000.00) Dollars.

Article VIII

The private property of the stockholders of the corporation shall be forever exempt from corporate debts of any kind whatsoever.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF we have hereunto set our hands this 13th day of October, A. D. 1916.

B. F. BAKER,
H. S. CLYNE.

STATE OF ARIZONA, COUNTY OF GILA, } SS.:

This Instrument was acknowledged before me this 13th day of October, A. D., 1916, by B. F. Baker and H. S. Clyne.

[SEAL] EDITH L. EAKIN,
Notary Public.
My commission expires Nov. 6, 1917.

Filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission this 16th day of Oct., A. D. 1916, at 10:00 A. M., at the request of F. A. Shaffer, whose post office address is Globe, Arizona.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION,
By F. A. JONES, Chairman.

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS TO BUILD A TOWN HALL AND JAIL

Sealed proposals will be received by the Common Council of the Town of Safford, to build a town hall and jail upon property owned by the Town of Safford.

The plans and specifications can be procured from the Town Clerk, J. C. Ellsworth, Safford, Arizona.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for 5 per cent of the amount of the bid, and made payable to the Town Clerk of the Town of Safford, such check shall go to and belong to said Town of Safford, as liquidated damages, if the successful bidder should refuse to enter into a contract with the said Town of Safford, within ten days after the contract is awarded to him.

The successful bidder must furnish suitable and sufficient bond, approved by said Common Council of the Town of Safford, for 50 per cent of the successful bid.

The Common Council of the Town of Safford hereby reserves the right to reject any and all bids submitted.

Bids will be opened Saturday, November 4, 1916, at 4:00 o'clock p. m.

Address J. C. Ellsworth, Town Clerk, Town of Safford, Arizona, for further information.

Dated this 17th day of October, 1916, Safford, Arizona.

GEO. P. JACOBSON,
Mayor,
L. J. BROSHEARS,
A. E. JACOBSON,
J. R. WELKER,
J. F. WEBER,
Common Council, Town of Safford, Arizona
ATTEST:
J. C. ELLSWORTH,
Town Clerk.

First publication, Oct. 20, 1916.
Last publication, Nov. 3, 1916.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Serial No. 019168-030430

U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, Sept. 29, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that Homer H. Long, of Bonita, Arizona, who, on Sept. 12, 1912, made homestead entry No. 019168, for Lots 5 and 6, S ½ NE ¼, Sec. 1, and on May 26, 1916, made additional homestead entry, No. 030430, for SE ¼, Section 1, all in Township 10 S., Range 22 E., G. and S. R. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. V. McCourt, U. S. Commissioner, at Willcox, Arizona, on the 9th day of November, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Herman Gench, Ebenezer Smith, Charles L. Besanceney, Marvin W. Shrode, all of Bonita, Arizona.

THOMAS F. WEEDIN, Register.

First publication, Oct 6, 1916.
Last publication, Nov. 3, 1916.

No. 34 PUBLIC AUCTION SALE State School Land

STATE LAND DEPARTMENT
PHOENIX, ARIZONA,
September 2, 1916.

In conformity with the provisions of the Public Land Code of the State of Arizona, approved June 26, 1915, notice is hereby given that the State of Arizona will on Saturday, November 11, 1916, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House, Safford, Arizona, sell at public auction the following school lands in Graham County, Arizona, together with the improvements thereon:

In Sec. 16, T. 7 S., R. 26 E.:

Beginning at a point 33 ft. S. and S. 89 degrees 55 minutes E. 4555.75 ft. from the NW cor. Sec. 16, thence S. 89 degrees 44 minutes E. 249.63 ft., thence S. 51 degrees 39 minutes E. 505.14 ft., thence S. 7 degrees 45 minutes E. 200.68 ft., thence S. 2058.63 ft., thence S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 692.20 ft., thence N. 00 degrees 26 minutes E. 2572.76 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 38.68 acres more or less, appraised at $1717.96. Improvements, claimed by Edith [illegible], appraised at $1369.00.

Beginning at a point S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 267.90 ft., and N. 33 ft. from the SE cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 6 degrees 41 minutes E. 367.74 ft., thence N. 62 degrees 47 minutes W. 4.88 ft., thence N. 60 degrees 13 minutes W. 100.00 ft. thence N. 57 degrees 39 minutes W. 100.00 ft., thence N. 55 degrees 05 minutes W. 100.00 ft., thence N. 52 degrees 31 minutes W. 100.00 ft, thence N. 49 degrees 58 minutes W. 100.00 ft., thence N. 47 degrees 14 minutes W. 100.00 ft., thence N. 44 degrees 51 minutes W. 796.81 ft., thence S. 2 degrees 42 minutes W. 1288.22 ft., thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E 1066.90 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 19.656 acres more or less, appraised at $1178.16. Improvements, claimed by Joaquin Padilla, appraised at $2943.10.

Beginning at a point N. 32 degrees 11 minutes E. 3946.45 ft. from the SW cor. Sec. 16, thence S. 44 degrees 51 minutes E. 665.30 ft., thence N 708 ft., thence S. 87 degrees 26 minutes W. 486.28 ft., thence S. 4 degrees 07 minutes E. 215.12 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 4.86 acres more or less, appraised at $218.70. Improvements, claimed by Parsimon Echandia, appraised at $670.40.

Beginning at a point S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 33 ft. and N 1032.28 ft from the SE cor. Sec. 16, thence N 277 00 ft., thence S 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 147.39 ft., thence S. 277 00 ft., thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. 147.39 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 0.937 acres more or less, appraised at $56.22 Improvements, claimed by Antonio Ruiz, Sr., appraised at $730.00.

Beginning at a point S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 33 ft. and N. 415.40 ft. from the SE cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 66 degrees 51 minutes W. 22.74 ft, thence N. 66 degrees 26 minutes W. 13.92 ft., thence N. 63 degrees 44 minutes W. 100 00 ft, thence N 61 degrees 02 minutes W. 100.00 ft., thence N. 58 degrees 20 minutes W. 100.00 ft, thence N. 55 degrees 38 minutes W. 100.00 ft thence N. 52 degrees 56 minutes W. 100.00 ft., thence N. 50 degrees 14 minutes W. 100.00 ft., thence N. 47 degrees 33 minutes W. 100.00 ft., thence N. 44 degrees 51 minutes W. 683.37 ft., thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. 944.16 ft., thence S. 277.00 ft., thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. 147.39 ft., thence S. 616.88 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 11.748 acres more or less, appraised at at $704.88. Improvements, claimed by Ramon Gauna, appraised at $1545.00.

Beginning at a point 33 ft. S. and S. 89 degrees 55 minutes E. 2572.64 ft. from the NW cor. Sec. 16, thence S. 89 degrees 55 minutes E. 831.40 ft., thence S. 00 degrees 52 minutes W. 2575.70 ft., thence S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 584.01 ft., thence N. 44 degrees 51 minutes W. 296.14 ft., thence N. 2367.17 ft., to the place of beginning, containing 47.541 acres, more or less, appraised at $2852.46. Improvements, claimed by Harley Martin, appraised at $332012

Beginning at a point 33 ft S. and 40 ft. S. 89 degrees 55 minutes E. of the NW cor. Sec. 16, thence S. 89 degrees 55 minutes E. 1236.84 ft., thence S. 00 degrees 13 minutes E. 1294.00 ft., thence S. 89 degrees 41 minutes W. 1241.74 ft., thence N 1302.80 ft to the place of beginning, containing 33.323 acres more or less, appraised at $1999.38. Improvements, claimed by Mrs. Clara Swanger, appraised at $4658.58

Beginning at a point S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 33 ft., and N. 1309.28 ft. from the SE cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 1286.25 ft., thence S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 2375.20 ft., thence S. 44 degrees 51 minutes E. 1816.39 ft., thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E, 1091.55 ft., to the place of beginning. Also, beginning at a point 33 ft. N. and S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 1334.80 ft., from the SE cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 2 degrees 42 minutes E 1288.22 ft., thence N. 44 degrees 51 minutes W. 1795.48 ft., thence S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 94.65 ft., thence S. 15 degrees 04 minutes E. 53.07 ft., thence S. 23 degrees 55 minutes E. 93.90 ft., thence S. 29 degrees 08 minutes E. 300 ft., thence S. 9 degrees 15 minutes E. 270.30 ft., thence S. 6 degrees 35 minutes W. 47.90 ft., thence S. 1 degree 00 minutes W. 79.80 ft., thence S. 4 degrees 00 minutes W. 132.80 ft., thence S. 14 degrees 47 minutes W. 133.90 ft., thence S. 1 degree 29 minutes E. 269.90 ft., thence S. 7 degrees 52 minutes W. 350.60 ft., thence S. 3 degrees 40 minutes W. 200 ft., thence S. 7 degrees 43 minutes W. 689.94 ft., thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. 1264.64 ft. to the place of beginning. These two tracts contain 103.259 acres more or less, appraised at $6195.54. Improvements, claimed by Santiago Stevens, adm. estate Augustin Jorguez, appraised at $5368 (2

Beginning at a point S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 33 ft., and N. 33 ft. from the SE cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 274.06 ft., thence N. 66 degrees 51 minutes W. 65.50 ft., thence N. 65 degrees 20 minutes W 52.08 ft., thence N 62 degrees 47 minutes W. 95.12 ft., thence S. 6 degrees 41 minutes W. 367.74 ft., thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. 234.99 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 1.58 acres more or less, appraised at $94.80. Improvements, claimed by Pedro Ruiz, appraised at $775.10.

Beginning at a point N. 38 degrees 33 minutes E. 3398.48 ft. from the SW cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 1 degree 30 minutes W. 539.51 ft., thence S. 44 degrees 51 minutes E. 567.38 ft., thence S. 8 degrees 07 minutes E. 138.11 ft., thence S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 405.52 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 3.176 acres more or less, appraised at $142.92. Improvements, claimed by Dorotea Quintano, appraised at $212.30.

Beginning at a point N. 32 degrees 11 minutes E. 3946.45 ft., from the SW cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 4 degrees 07 minutes W. 593.12 ft., thence N. 88 degrees 59 minutes W. 555.82 ft., thence S. 44 degrees 51 minutes E. 848.36 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 2.906 acres more or less, appraised at $130.77. Improvements, claimed by Librado Ortiz, appraised at $300.95.

Beginning at a point N 33 ft from the SW cor. Sec. 16, thence N 89 degrees 57 minutes E 1614.60 ft., thence N 4 degrees 25 minutes W 1298.96 ft, thence S. 89 degrees 26 minutes W. 1474 55 ft, thence S. 682.00 ft, thence S 89 degrees 57 minutes W 40.00 ft, thence S 600 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 46.263 acres more or less, appraised at $2775.78. Improvements, claimed by Geo. A. Olney, at $3164.37

Beginning at a point N. 30 degrees 25 minutes E. 4121.95 ft. from the SW cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 87 degrees 26 minutes E. 486.28 ft., thence N. 346 17 ft., thence N. 88 degrees 59 minutes W. 512.00 ft, thence S. 4 degrees 07 minutes E. 378.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 4.145 acres more or less, appraised at $186.53. Improvements, claimed by Pedro Marquez, appraised at $152.32.

Beginning at a point 33 ft. N. and 2492.80 ft. N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. from the SW cor. Sec. 16, thence N, 2 degrees 43 minutes E. 1316.40 ft., thence S. 88 degrees 52 minutes W. 1040.90 ft., thence N. 3 degrees 11 minutes W. 1269.95 ft., thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. 1135.84 ft., thence S. 15 degrees 04 minutes E. 53.00 ft., thence S. 23 degrees 55 minutes E. 93.90 ft, thence S. 29 degrees 08 minutes E. 300 ft, thence S. 9 degrees 15 minutes E. 270.30 ft., thence S. 6 degrees 35 minutes W. 47.90 ft., thence S. 1 degree 00 minutes W. 79.80 ft., thence S. 4 degrees 00 minutes W. 132.80 ft., thence S. 14 degrees 47 minutes W. 133.90 ft., thence S. 1 degree 29 miuntes E. 269.90 ft., thence S. 7 degrees 52 minutes W. 350.60 ft., thence S. 3 degrees 40 minutes W. 200.00 ft., thence S. 7 degrees 43 minutes W. 689.94 ft., thence S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 128.13 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 41.343 acres more or less, appraised at $2480.58. Improvements, claimed by E. W. Clayton, adm. estate Maury Grider, appraised at $4458.93.

Beginning at a point N. 51 degrees 41 minutes E. 4288.97 ft., from the SW cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. 524.00 ft., thence N. 00 degrees 52 minutes E. 975.00 ft., thence S. 89 degrees 57 minutes W. 524.00 ft., thence S. 00 degrees 52 minutes W. 975.00 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 11.717 acres more or less, appraised at $585.85. Improvements, claimed by Esperideon Gallego, appraised at $538.12

Beginning at a point N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. 40 ft. and N. 1282.00 ft. from the SW cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 1281.00 ft., thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. 1400.74 ft., thence S. 3 degrees 11 minutes E. 1269.95 ft., thence S. 89 degrees 26 minutes W. 1474.55 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 42.468 acres more or less, appraised at $2548.08. Improvements, claimed by Lawrence Fuller, appraised at $4566.85.

Beginning at a point 33 ft. S. and 1276.84 ft. S. 89 degrees 55 minutes E. of the NW cor. Sec. 16, thence S. 89 degrees 55 minutes E. 1295.80 ft., thence S. 1313.00 ft., thence N 88 degrees 59 minutes W. 1067.82 ft., thence N. 44 degrees 51 minutes W. 317.75 ft., thence N. 00 degrees 13 minutes W. 1070.81 ft., to the place of beginning, containing 35.987 acres more or less, appraised at $1799.35. Improvements, claimed by Austin Evans, appraised at $1911.27.

Beginning at a point N. 33 ft. and 1614.60 ft. E. from the SW cor. Sec. 16, thence N. 89 degrees 57 minutes E. 878.20 ft., thence N. 2 degrees 43 minutes E. 1316.40 ft., thence S. 88 degrees 52 minutes W 1040.90 ft., thence S. 4 degrees 25 minutes E. 1298.96 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 28.764 acres, more or less, appraised at $1725.84. Improvements, claimed by Mrs. Thomas Blake, appraised at $3363.96.

No bid for less than the appraised valuations will be considered. Rental arrears, if any, together with such interest as may be due thereon, must be liquidated in accordance with the requirements of the Public Land Code. Full information concerning the land, improvements, and sale conditions may be obtained from the State Land Department, Phoenix, Arizona.

STATE LAND DEPARTMENT,
By W. A. MOEUR, Commissioner.
First publication, September 8, 1916.
Last publication, November 10, 1916.

Now Well

"Thedford's Black-Draught is the best all-round medicine I ever used," writes J. A. Steelman, of Pattonville, Texas. "I suffered terribly with liver troubles, and could get no relief. The doctors said I had consumption. I could not work at all. Finally I tried

THEDFORD'S
BLACK-DRAUGHT

and to my surprise, I got better, and am to-day as well as any man." Thedford's Black-Draught is a general, cathartic, vegetable liver medicine, that has been regulating irregularities of the liver, stomach and bowels, for over 70 years. Get a package today. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. E-70

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Stratton & Lynch,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Notary Public
Safford, Arizona

LAND AGENT

Albert T. Colton
LAND AGENT
Safford - - Arizona
Thirty-five years' experience in Irrigation Engineering, Land and Mine Surveying.
Representing Claimants Before the Land Office in Land Entries, Contests, Patenting Mining Claims, Right of Way for Canals, Reservoirs and Other Purposes.
Investigation and Reports Made on Mines, Real Estate, Irrigation, Reservoirs and Water Powers

CITY TRANSFER

Joseph Bingham & Son.
PROPRIETORS

Prompt attention given to orders to and from depot. Household goods moved to any part of town. Prices reasonable

SHOULD BE ELECTED

Judge Ross' Splendid Record Commends Him to the People of Arizona

Republican candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court Baughn made a statement that Judge Ross, his democratic opponent had toured the State during the primary campaign. This is true, but Judge Baughn did not explain that when Judge Ross toured the State to meet the voters, that he did so on his own time, the time allotted him for vacation, and in doing so, was not depriving the State of his services. He had the right to spend his vacation according to his own plans.

We do not believe that any candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court should travel over the State as a partisan to see the voters, and especially if such candidate is a member of the court, or even a justice of a superior court, unless he would do so during his vacation.

Four years ago, Judges Kent and Doe, and at the last election, Hon. Thomas Armstrong, Jr., and Hon. Walter Bennett, were the nominees of the republican party. They did not tour the State, nor make any campaign speeches with their party associates. The purpose has been to keep the judiciary out of politics as much as possible.

At the present October call of the calendar of the Supreme Court, there were some thirty cases ready for argument or submission upon briefs. Had Judge Ross absented himself to solicit votes, the business of the Court would have been suspended, and the public interest neglected, to serve his interests. Aside from other considerations, Judge Ross feels that he is bound to observe the provision of the Constitution of the State, which provides that "the Supreme Court shall always be open for the transaction of business, except on non-judicial days." This means that no member of the Court shall absent himself when there is business to be done.

There is a like provision in the Constitution concerning superior courts, which is not being observed by Judge Baughn, the republican candidate. It reads: "The Superior Court shall at all times, except on non-judicial days, be open for the determination of non-jury civil causes and for the the transaction of business."

Of course, the Superior Court of Pinal County cannot be in session and therefore open "at all times" or at all, while Judge Baughn is in other parts of the State doing politics.

Judge Ross will not neglect his duties as Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court to tour the State as a partisan to secure votes. He firmly believes that the court should be kept out of politics as much as possible, and the people must see that he is right in this matter. Judge Ross has made an honest and capable judge of the Supreme Bench and has never hesitated to declare the law as he found it, without fear or favor. His splendid record should be all that is needed to convince the voters that he should be re-elected.

Senator Munds Organizes Club

Senator Munds, who has been touring the State in the interest of the national democratic ticket, arrived here Tuesday forenoon from Clifton, where she organized a Wilson Club.

Senator Munds is very enthusiastic over the outlook for the national and State democratic tickets winning at the polls Tuesday by big majorities. The Senator reports that every place she has visited, she has found conditions favorable to the democratic party.

Senator Munds was brought here from Solomonville by Senator Claridge. Mrs. Inez Lee met the senator here and escorted her to Thatcher, where a meeting of the ladies of Thatcher was held in the Relief Society Hall.

The result of the meeting was the organization of a Woman's Wilson Club, which will start right in and work for the successful election of President Wilson and the democratic ticket.

Senator Munds left Thatcher on the afternoon train for Globe, where she spoke at a meeting and organized a Wilson Club.

FOR SALE—Fine Gano apples, expert pack, at $1.50 per box. Delivered on five box orders. R. P. JONES, Central. adv-37-2t

Little Fawn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Larson, has been very ill this week, suffering from an attack of croup.

Frank Webster, republican candidate for supervisor, was a visitor in town Tuesday.

TRIBUTE TO WOODROW WILSON

O Man of Peace! it is thy fate
 To rule a nation when the waves dash high
Around the ship of state;
 When deadly lightning's gleam athwart the sky,
 And deep-voiced bellowings of an angry Jove
Re-echo through the vault of heaven.

O Man of Peace! canst turn aside
 The current of Niagara, or canst thou lower
The flow of ocean's tide?
 Methinks if thou didst have that much of power,
 Then mightst thou speak the word to Europe's kings,
And change the course of history.

O Man of Peace! thou hast been tried,
 And in each trial didst prove thy metal pure—
The test has been applied
 And thou were not found wanting, in this hour,
 When the dark nimbus cloud hangs heavy in the night,
We feel that thou wilt guide the ship aright. —By W. C. Myers.

THATCHER NEWS

The M. I. A. dance, given Friday evening, was a grand success, both socially and financially.

A fine new girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Posey, October 27th. Mother and baby are doing nicely.

Mrs. Emma Rogers entertained a number of lady friends at her home, Tuesday afternoon. Social conversation and a number of most interesting games were enjoyed. Mrs. Rogers served a most delicious luncheon, and proved herself to be a successful hostess.

W. J. Blazzard, of Redland, spent Saturday and Sunday in town.

The priesthood meeting, held at the Academy Saturday, was largely attended from all over the valley. President Callis, of the Southern States mission, was a special visitor.

A group of young people clubbed together and gave a most unique Hallowe'en social at the home of Miss Ella Tyler, Saturday evening. Some new and novel features were added. The luncheon committee served a delicious supper, and when the ghosts drew partners and went to supper, they unmasked for the first time, and it caused some surprise and much merriment. The decorations at the party were elaborate and unique. About forty were present and they report a most jolly time.

Judge Kibbey and his accompanying State candidates spoke before a good-sized crowd at the hall, Saturday evening.

The Academy gave an interesting Hallowe'en party at the hall, Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McGrath, of Franklin, came down to the Priesthood meeting Saturday.

Mrs. J. E. Knudsen returned home from Globe Monday, where she has spent the past month visiting with her daughter, Mrs. A. B. Dalton.

Several grades of the public schools had most successful Hallowe'en parties Tuesday evening.

Wednesday morning, Norma and Clarie Knudsen, with their escorts, Karl Jacobson and Clyde Gorden, went to the foothills, where they spent the day picnicing and hunting, bringing back with them a good supply of game.

The Farmers' Association of the valley held a meeting at the Academy, Saturday afternoon.

Presidents Kimball and Callis left Monday morning for the St. John's and Snowflake Stakes to work in the interest of prohibition and politics.

After visiting with his parents for a couple of weeks, Roy Chlarson rejoined his company at Naco last week.

Joseph and Jesse Savage, of Miami, spent the week-end visiting friends in town.

Valley Exhibits for State Fair

Any person who has fruit, vegetables, grain, or anything in the line of exhibits for the State fair, will get same ready and send them to L. C. Snow, Thatcher, who will ship all Graham county exhibits to Phoenix. The date of shipment will be next Monday, November 6th.

Those who cannot deliver their exhibits in time, should notify Mr. Snow, who will come after them.

The usual railroad rates from valley points to Phoenix, for those attending the State fair, will prevail.

For Sale or Trade

One Hupmobile five-passenger touring car, A 1 condition. See VIC HOLDING, Gila Valley Milling C., Safford, Ariz. adv-37-2t

Burial caskets carried in stock by Gila Valley Furniture and Hardware Store. tf

P. J. Jacobson sold ten milch cows this week to Edsill Allred, of Thatcher.

ASHURST'S RECORD

Is Heartily Commended by Republican Attorney of Washington, D. C.

Senator Ashurst's splendid record in congress has called for the many hearty commendations from democrats and republicans alike from all over the country, and many express the wish that he may be successful at the polls November 7th and re-elected senator.

A letter, just received by Attorney W. K. Dial, from Samuel Herrick, a prominent republican and leading attorney in Washington, D. C., urges the reelection of Senator Ashurst. The letter is as follows:

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
October 24, 1916.

W. K. DIAL, ESQ.,
Attorney at Law,
Safford, Arizona.

DEAR SIR:—Irrespective of how you may cast your ballot in the national election, I write to express the hope that you will do everything properly within your power to bring about the reelection of Senator Ashurst. He has made a splendid record here as a patriotic and fearless representative of your State, and in my opinion it would be a great mistake to not return him and to send a green man in his place. Irrespective of his politics (and I might add that I am myself a republican), his position on all questions has been sound and he has accomplished a great deal for the citizens of your State which a new man would be unable to accomplish, no matter what his intentions or disposition might be.

In conclusion let me say that Senator Ashurst has not advised my writing this letter, and in fact knows nothing about it. Thanking you for whatever you may do in his behalf, I am,

Yours very truly,
SAMUEL HERRICK.

Baptist Young People's Society

The Baptist Young People's Society held a Hallowe'en Social Monday night, at the home of Mrs. Harley Martin. Professors, teachers, preachers, lawyers and others laid aside their habitual cloak of dignity for at least once in the year, and entered into the spirit of mischief and into the land of "Make Believe."

Many suspicious looking characters presented themselves at the door. Spooks, witches, cats and colored people all added to the mystery. But later in the evening they all turned out to be friends. They amused themselves by having their fortunes told by means of candles at one table, "Flowers of Fate" at another, and by going into the dark cave of the witch.

As part of the entertainment, a pantomine was given, entitled, "Wanted, A Wife." The leading part was taken by Mr. Bray. Ten young ladies in turn applied for the position.

The house was decorated with bats, cats, witches, owls and Jack-o'-Lanterns. For refreshments there were served good old pumpkin pie, doughnuts, cheese and cocoa.

Henry Hill Buys Indian Hot Springs

A. C. Alexander was a visitor in town Tuesday. While here, Mr. Alexander stated to a GUARDIAN reporter that he had practically sold the Indian Hot Springs property to Henry Hill, of Clifton.

Mr. Hill has been visiting at the Springs for several weeks, during which time the sale of the property was under consideration.

Mr. Alexander states that the deal for the property will be closed this week and Mr. Hill will take immediate possession.

Mr. Hill plans to spend several thousand dollars on improvements and will make the Indian Hot Springs the most popular resort in the Southwest.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander will remain on their ranch until they dispose of it and other lands they own, when they will take a much needed rest.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS

The county democratic candidates will hold meetings as follows:

Pima	November 3
Thatcher	November 4
Safford	November 6

Mr. Snodgrass, tuner and repairer of pianos and organs, will be in Safford again in a very few days. Orders for him can be left at the Hotel Olive. adv38-1

Mrs. J. M. Wilson returned home from Globe Wednesday morning, where she had been visiting her sisters, Mrs. Gates and Mrs. Wright.

SOCIETY NEWS

Naturally, such an important occasion as Hallowe'en could not slip by without special notice, and the mystic charms of Hallowe'en cast a spell over the social set of Safford.

One of the many affairs was the bridge party given by Mrs. D. M. Hibner, Monday afternoon, at her home on Center street. Ghosts rambled, black cats and witches appeared in every nook and corner and goblins meandered in the rooms all during the game. Streamers of yellow and black paper were festooned from the corners of the room to the chandeliers. The color scheme was carried out in detail, both as to decorations and refreshments, which added wonderfully to this smart affair.

Refreshments of salads, salted crackers, cheese, olives, coffee and cakes were served. Tiny baskets, filled with yellow grains of candy corn, domineered over by black cats, proved delightful favors.

Mrs. Z. C. Prina won the first prize for the highest score, a leather-bound book, "Ivanhoe." Mrs. W. E. McWhirt won second highest, a box of corresponding cards. Mrs. G. E. D. Williams was awarded the consolation.

Among those present were: Mrs. E. W. Clayton, Mrs. L. Samuel, Mrs. Kate Jennings, Mrs. Z. C. Prina, Mrs. G. E. D. Williams, Mrs. C. F. Brandt, Mrs. John F. Weber, Mrs. Will Dial, Mrs. F. John, Mrs. R. W. Fisher, Mrs. A. G. McAlister, Mrs. F. L. Ginter, Mrs. W. E. McWhirt, Mrs. G. S. Martin, Mrs. F. Mashbir, Mrs. A. E. Ferrin, Mrs. C. McInroy, Mrs. Alice Worden, Miss Vesta Knox and Miss Katie Foster.

Mrs. L. N. Stratton and Mrs. B. F. Hollingsworth were charming hostesses at a beautifully appointed Hallowe'en bridge party, Tuesday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. L. N. Stratton.

The countless lights in the spacious rooms were dimmed by the use of pumpkins and Jack-o'-Lanterns. Festoons of Hallowe'en symbols, tied with black and orange crepe paper, were in evidence everywhere throughout the rooms.

During the progress of the game, lucious red apples, representing goblins, were served.

Those enjoying the attractive party were: Mrs. W. D. French, Mrs. Caruthers, Mrs. W. E. McWhirt, Mrs. D. M. Hibner, Mrs. E. H. Larson, Mrs. Harry Solomon, Mrs. I. E. Solomon, Mrs. M. Simon, Mrs. Z. C. Prina, Mrs. Alice Worden, Mrs. R. W. Fisher, Mrs. F. L. Ginter, Miss Mary Tucker, Mrs. A. H. Ferrin, Miss Alberta Colton, Mrs. H. J. Warner, Mrs. C. F. Brandt, Mrs. C. McInroy, Mrs. John F. Weber, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. A. G. McAlister, Mrs. J. B. Stratton, Miss Vesta Knox, Mrs. F. Mashbir, Mrs. T. T. Swift, Mrs. J. N. Stratton, Mrs. E. W. Clayton, Mrs. Kate Jennings, Mrs. B. F. Foster, Mrs. J. M. Wilson, Mrs. M. S. Freeman, Mrs. J. E. Carpenter and Mrs. J. I. Massey.

Miss Alberta Colton won the highest score in the Bridge game and was rewarded with two tiny skull salt and pepper shakers. Mrs. J. N. Stratton won the consolation, a goblin, with tiny wire legs.

Several of the ladies present did not play cards and were given stockings to darn. Each lady was presented with a pair of stockings and an envelope, containing the darning cotton. Some tore the envelope helter skelter, others opened it daintily, and the prize was given, not for the best darned stocking, but for the neatest opened envelope, thus calling forth a burst of fun as everyone was intent on having the neatest darn.

Mrs. Massey was the lucky winner of the first prize for this contest and Mrs. M. S. Freeman the consolation.

A delicious Mexican lunch was served at the conclusion of the games, consisting of chili con carne, beans, cheese, pickles, buns, cakes and coffee.

Favors of tiny witches with broomsticks proved most befitting to the already perfect afternoon.

Tuesday evening, Helen McGowan entertained fourteen of her schoolmates with a Hallowe'en party. Peanut hunts, thimble hunts, apple bobbing and all such popular and amusing "stunts" were entered into most enthusiastically.

The living and dining rooms were attractively decorated with the mystic Hallowe'en symbols, also profusions of chrysanthemums were in evidence. Promptly at 10:00 o'clock the little revelers were invited into the dining room, which was lighted with candles, a centerpiece of white ghosts graced the table, place cards of ghosts, carrying pumpkin heads, paper plates decorated with witches and napkins covered with black cats, completed a most weird and hair-raising scene.

A delicious supper was served the little folks, consisting of pimento and turkey sandwiches, potato salad, cheese, pumpkin pie, goblin cookies, cocoa and ice cream, and all was done justice to by the hungry ghosts.

Helen was assisted by her mother, Mrs. John McGowan, in entertaining the young folks.

Among those present were: Ruby Welker, Opal O'Bryan, Roberta Young, Delia Zundel, Clara Young, Katherine Reynolds, Thelma Sowell, Ethna Clifford, Ford Young, Bennett Yett, Raymond Mason, Gordon Graham, Raymond Reed and Farrell Evans.

Mrs. F. Mashbir entertained the Five Hundred Club, at her home, Saturday evening, October 28th, and a rollicking good time was enjoyed by the guests. Hot punch, peaches, cream and cakes were served.

Among those present were: Mrs. I. E. Solomon, Mrs. Harry Solomon, Mrs. H. J. Warner, Miss Mary Tucker, Mrs. W. D. French, Mr. and Mrs. Z. C. Prina, Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Foody, Mr. and Mrs. C. McInroy, Mrs. Kate Jennings and Mrs. Alice Worden.

Wednesday evening, November 1st, the ladies of the Eastern Star entertained their members with a social meeting. A unique feature was introduced, carrying out the Hallowe'en spirit, each member drew a tally and took her or his prospective place at the table numbered to correspond with the tally. When all were placed, instead of indulging in a card game of Bridge or Five Hundred, each person was given a task, such as carrying a peanut on a knife around the room, bobbing for an apble, etc.

There were four tables, each table imposing a different task. The fifth table, or booth, was the shrine, where the future, the past and the present was laid bare for every member, bringing forth peals of laughter.

As a conclusion to a very pleasant evening, refreshments of sandwiches, olives, pumpkin pie and coffee were enjoyed.

Friday evening, October 27th, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Ellsworth, assisted by Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Jacobson, entertained with a delightful Hallowe'en party at the Ellsworth home on L street. Invitation cards, decorated with witches and bearing an appropriate verse, had been issued to a number of their friends, who responded at an early hour on the evening of the 27th, dressed as "spooks."

The guests were met at the door by a witch, who escorted them to the parlor, which was decorated with a profusion of red and yellow chrysanthemums, bats, black cats, Jack-o'-Lanterns and other symbols of Hallowe'en.

After all the guests were assembled, a contest of separating corn and beans was participated in, the winner having first cut at the "witch's pie," which contained fortunes attached to ribbons that were drawn by the guests and as each one read their future they were greeted with peals of laughter.

Another feature of the evening's entertainment that caused much merriment was the passing of cards from one guest to another, on which was written a warning not to sneeze. During the passing of the cards, a witch riding a broomstick entered and waved a large fan on which was a quantity of snuff, and as a result of the visit the "spooks" began sneezing regardless of the warning.

After the guests unmasked progressive Rook was played. Mrs. A. E. Welker received first prize, a beautiful box of stationery, and A. E. Welker, the consolation, a hammer.

At 10:30 the guests were invited into the dining room, where the table was prettily decorated, the centerpiece being a large pumpkin wreathed in chrysanthemums and containing the favors. The place cards were yellow half-moons. The menu served was: Witch's stew, goblin's salad, ghost's relish, moon-winks, devil's drink, fairy's delight.

The telling of ghost stories in the weirdly lighted parlor brot the evening's pleasure to a close.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Welker, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Carr, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Johns, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Merrill, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Crandall, Mr. and Mrs. Amos Cook.

In Stray Pen, Safford

One black mare, about 10 years old, one white hind foot; branded ST on right thigh. Will be sold if not claimed soon.

O. B. LANCASTER,
adv-38 Town Marshal.

FOR SALE—Two thoroughbred Duroc Jersey Boars. A bargain. Apply to W. R. CHAMBERS, Safford. adv-37-3t

Judge Miles Woods, republican candidate for State representative, came over from Bonita Wednesday and spent several days in town and valley electioneering. Judge Woods is one of Graham county's oldest pioneers, having resided in Bonita for 48 years.

KIBBEY A MAN OF DEEDS

This advertisement is from the Phoenix committee of Judge Kibbey's friends—democrats and republicans—who have interested themselves in his campaign for the United States Senate and who feel that his splendid record should be better known to the people of Arizona.

TO DEMOCRATIC VOTERS

Judge Kibbey is a republican, and if he did not stand by his principles and talk republican doctrine from the stump, you and we would not respect him. But in office, as he has proved over and over again, he is one of the least partisan of men. For example, when he was governor, of the twenty Arizona rangers appointed and kept in office by him, seventeen were democrats. Their captain, Harry C. Wheeler, was and is a democrat, and is the present sheriff of Cochise county.

SOME OF THE THINGS JUDGE KIBBEY HAS DONE FOR THE PEOPLE

On the bench, Judge Kibbey was first to promulgate the doctrine that "The water belongs to the land using it,"—thus striking the shackles from the land owner and setting him free from the exactions of the "middleman" canal companies. The Kibbey doctrine now prevails throughout the west.

The U. S. Reclamation act was intended for the sole benefit of settlers on public lands and not for settled communities like the Salt River valley and the Yuma valley, and the law officers of the Interior Department at first held that the law could not be made to apply to settled comunities. But Judge Kibbey, as counsel to the land owners of the Salt River valley, devised a plan to get the benefits of the law for them, and he put the plan through at Washington.

As Justice of the Supreme Court, as a legislator, as attorney general, and as governor, he made a record for high-minded patriotism, for non-partisanship in office, and for remarkable achievement for the public good.

Although leader of the minority only in the territorial senate (council) he forced the passage of a bill giving equal suffrage to women.

As governor he vetoed a local option bill which would have inflicted liquor-selling road houses upon rural "dry" communities.

He forced the passage of a law prohibiting women from frequenting saloons.

He forced the passage of a law putting an end to public gambling—he being bitterly opposed in this by democratic politicians.

He reformed the tax laws.

He led the county assessors to form an association for the equal and just assessment of property.

Through all the courts, to the Supreme Court of the United State, he fought to compel great corporations to pay more taxes and won.

Without noise, he reformed the management of the territorial prison; abolished "stripes," abolished solitary confinement and established human rule; himself designed the most modern and sanitary prison in the world, and it was constructed under his careful supervision.

Under his administration more than half a million dollars were expended for needed public buildings, while the tax rate was reduced 25 per cent.

He established modern and humane management of the insane asylum.

His administration was noted for vigorous, efficient and economical conduct of public affairs.

There being a great strike of miners at Bisbee, and demands for troops to preserve order, he announced officially that workingmen have a legal right to strike and that it is the duty of the State to protect them in that right. He at the same time insisted that law and order must be maintained. No troops were necessary, there was no violation of law, and the strike did not cost the State a dollar.

Announcement

TO

CHRISTMAS SHOPPERS

YOU CAN BUY

YOUR XMAS PRESENTS

AT HOME

Not necessary to patronize Catalogue Houses. Keep the dollar at home. Three expert jewelers and engravers are now in our employ on Christmas work, assuring best workmanship. No, job too small none too large for our shop.

POSITIVELY NO WORK SENT OUT OF TOWN

SAFFORD JEWELRY CO.

Manufacturing Jewelers, Watchmakers and Engravers
SAFFORD, ARIZONA

ALL VARIETIES

of Groceries are handled by us in large quantities and the best qualities. Not only Pure Foods—from Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Flour, etc., to Canned Fruits, Meats and Vegetables, but also all other staple articles for kitchen and household use that are usually found in a first-class up-to-date Grocery Store. And our prices are lower than you will expect.

POPULAR CASH GROCERY

Phone 20 SAFFORD, ARIZONA J. T. Childers, Prop.

Men Feel Tired, Too

While much is said about tired women it must be remembered that men also pay the penalty of overwork. When the kidney's are weak, inactive or sluggish, when one feels tired out and miserable, lacks energy and ambition, Foley's Kidney Pills are tonic and strengthening. Wm. H. Clark, Springfield, Ohio, writes: "I found no relief from kidney trouble until I discoverd Foley Kidney Pills. Now I am in A1 shape." They act quickly and surely. Safford Drug Co. adv-38-4t

Clear Bad Skin from Within

Pimply, muddy complexions are due to impurities of the blood. Clear up the skin by taking Dr. King's New Life Pills. Their mild laxative qualities remove the poisons from the system and brighten the eye. A full, free, non-griping bowel movement in the morning is the reward of a dose of Dr. King's New Life Pills the night before. At your druggist, 25c. no1

If you want a nice box of apples, see L. R. PACE, Thatcher. adv-38-tf